



Exploring Polynomials—Factors, Roots, and Zeros

Name _____

Student Activity

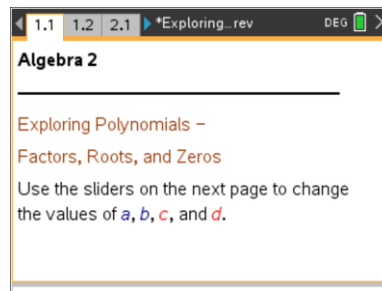


Class _____

Open the TI-Nspire document

Exploring_Polynomials_Factors_Roots_and_Zeros.tns.

This activity examines the connections between the roots or zeros of a polynomial equation and the x-intercepts of the graph of the polynomial function. It also looks at how the graph of the function can help identify the factors of the equation.



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1. Using the sliders, set $y_1 = 1x + 1$ and $y_2 = 1x - 2$. Observe that the graph of $y_1 = 1x + 1$ appears to cross the x-axis at $x = -1$. When $x = -1$, $y_1 = 0$ because $-1 + 1 = 0$.
 $x = -1$ is called a *zero* or *root* of the function $y_1 = 1x + 1$.
 - a. Where does the graph of $y_2 = 1x - 2$ appear to cross the x-axis?
 - b. Write a simple equation to verify that this value of x is a zero of y_2 .
 - c. When $y_1 = 1x + 1$ and $y_2 = 1x - 2$, what is the function y_3 ?
 - d. The graph of y_3 is a parabola. How many times does the graph of y_3 cross the x-axis?
 - e. What are the zeros of y_3 ?
 - f. Factor y_3 .



- g. Given the information below, use the sliders to fill in the rest of the table:

y_1	y_2	Zeros of y_1 y_2		y_3	Zeros of y_3	Factors of y_3
$(x + 4)$	$(x + 3)$					
				$2x^2 + 0x - 8$		
						$(x - 5)(-1x - 2)$
$(3x + 3)$			-4			
					-1 and 4	
						$(2x + 4)(3x - 3)$

- h. Write a conjecture about the relationship between the zeros of the linear functions and the zeros of the quadratic function.
- i. How do the factors of the quadratic equation relate to the zeros of the function?

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2. Use the sliders to make $f1 = 1x + 4$, $f2 = 1x + 2$, and $f3 = x - 1$. Observe that the graphs of each appear to cross the x -axis at -4 , -2 , and 1 , respectively.
- a. Verify algebraically that each is a zero of each linear function.
- b. When $f1 = 1x + 4$, $f2 = 1x + 2$, and $f3 = x - 1$, what is $f4$?
- c. How many times does $f4$ cross the x -axis and where?



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- d. Show that the multiplication of the factors of $f1$, $f2$, and $f3$ equal $f4$.
- e. Try other slider values and make a conjecture about the relationship between the zeros of the linear equations and the zeros of the cubic function.
3. Use the sliders to make $f1 = x + 4$, $f2 = x + 2$, and $f3 = x + 2$.
- a. How has the graph changed? The value -2 is called a double root.
- b. Change $f1 = 1x + 2$. How has the graph changed?
4. Use the sliders to make $f1 = 3x - 3$, $f2 = x + 1$, and $f3 = x - 2$.
- a. Observe the graph and identify the zeros. What is $f4$?
- b. Now change the sliders to make $f1 = x - 1$, $f2 = x + 1$, and $f3 = x - 2$. Observe the graph. What are the zeros? What is $f4$?
- c. Identify similarities and differences between the sets of equations in 4a and 4b.