Vectors in Component Form	IB® EXAM STYLE QUESTION
Topic 3: Geometry and Trigonometry	Vectors in Component Form
1. The position vectors of points A and B are $3i + j - 2k$ and $4i + 5j - 6k$ respectively.	

- (a) Find the vector equation of the line that passes through A (4 marks) and B.
- (b) The line through A and B is perpendicular to the vector (3 marks) 8i + nk. Find the value of *n*.

Mark scheme:

- (a) $\begin{pmatrix} 4-3\\ 5-1\\ -6-(-2) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\ 4\\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ (M1)(A1) r = (3i+j-2k) + t(i+4j-4k) (A1)(A1) or r = (4i+5j-6k) + t(i+4j-4k) or The column vector form for each of the equations above.
- (b) (1)(8) + (4)(0) + (-4)(n) 8 - 4n = 0 n = 2(A1) for correct dot product (M1) setting it equal to zero (A1)