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| **Math Objectives**   * Develop an understanding of what it means to take a limit “at” infinity. * Develop an understanding of behavior that prevents limits from occurring by means of chaos or oscillation. * Estimate limits from graphs and tables of values. * Connect the ideas of end behavior, horizontal asymptotes, and limits at infinity. * Students will try to make a connection with how to understand these topics in IB Mathematics courses and on their final assessments.   **Vocabulary**   * Limits • Infinity • Asymptote   **About the Lesson**   * This lesson is aligning with the curriculum of IB Mathematics Applications and Interpretations SL/HL and IB Mathematics Approaches and Analysis SL/HL * This falls under the IB Mathematics Content Topic 5 Calculus:   **5.1** (AI/AA SL/HL):  **(a)** Introduction to the concept of a limit.  **5.12** (AA HL only):  **(b)** Understanding of limits (convergence and divergence)  As a result, students will:   * Apply this information to real world situations.   **HH_SW_iconsTI-Nspire™ Navigator™**   * Transfer a File. * Use Class Capture to examine patterns that emerge. * Use Live Presenter to demonstrate. * Use Teacher Edition computer software to review student documents. * Use Quick Poll to assess students’ understanding   .  **Activity Materials**  Compatible TI Technologies: **Trail Blaszer:Users:ronblasz:Documents:WIP:CL947_Platform icons:Handheld_icon.png** TI-Nspire™ CX Handhelds,  Trail Blaszer:Users:ronblasz:Documents:WIP:CL947_Platform icons:Tablet_icon.png TI-Nspire™ Apps for iPad®, Trail Blaszer:Users:ronblasz:Documents:WIP:CL947_Platform icons:Software_icon.png TI-Nspire™ Software | **Tech Tips:**   * This activity includes screen captures taken from the TI-Nspire CX II handheld. It is also appropriate for use with the TI-Nspire family of products including TI-Nspire software and TI-Nspire App. Slight variations to these directions may be required if using other technologies besides the handheld. * Watch for additional Tech Tips throughout the activity for the specific technology you are using. * Access free tutorials at <http://education.ti.com/calculators/pd/US/Online-Learning/Tutorials>   **Lesson Files:**  *Student Activity*  To Infinity and Beyond\_Student-Nspire.pdf  To Infinity and Beyond\_Student-Nspire.doc | |
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Next, you will examine graphically limits that do not exist because of continued chaotic output behavior as the input values continue to approach a particular value. Finally, you will examine a variety of limit problems.   |  | | --- | | **Teacher Tip:** Students should have an understanding of the imprecise nature of electronic utilities and what happens when the precision limits are reached. They should be able to manipulate graphs and tables of values manually and with the handheld. |  |  | | --- | | **Teacher Tip:** Students need to be careful as they often misinterpret infinity as an actual value to be substituted in a function. The may also incorrectly estimate infinity by pushing the graphing handheld beyond its precision limits and misinterpreting the result. |   **Problem 1**  Input this function into in the function bar:  (a) Record the function values for the inputs {1, 2, 3}. **Solution:** {601, 281.6, 161.8}  (b) Store the output values in a list as shown:     |  | | --- | | **Tech Tip:** Before you start this problem on the Nspire, have the students open three pages: a graphs page; a calculator page; and a list and spreadsheets page. Have the students label the first 4 columns on the list and spreadsheets page a, b, c, and d. |   (c) Repeat the process for the input values {100, 200, 300}. Store the output values in **b**, and  record the values.  **Solution:** {4.0996, 3.0249, 2.6777}  (d) Repeat the process for the input values {1000, 2000, 3000}. Store the output values in **c**, and  record the values.  **Solution:** {2.201, 2.1002, 2.0668}  (e) With a classmate, look at the values in all three sets and draw a conclusion regarding the  behavior of the function.    **Possible discussion:** Answers will vary, but the data seems to be getting close to the value of 2.    (f) To confirm your conclusion, try the input values {1010, 1015, 1020}, and record your results.  **Solution:** {2.00000002, 2, 2}  (g) With a classmate, discuss if the function actually reaches the exact value of the limit. Share with  the class if you think this is a reasonable result.  **Possible discussion:** Answers will vary. The question is leading students to say that it appears  so; however, the function never actually reaches the value of 2.   |  | | --- | | **Teacher Tip:** Care should be taken to distinguish between the value of actually being 2 and the graphing handheld producing a value of 2 because of its precision capabilities. This is a good place for discussion of equals versus approaches very closely. |   (h) Now let’s look at the behavior graphically. Take several minutes exploring what viewing windows  you would need to see the behavior from the input values listed in parts a, c, d, and f. Compare  your windows on the handheld with a classmate and discuss what you notice.          (i) Estimate: **Solution:** 2  (j) With a classmate, investigate and draw a conclusion of the following limit:    **Possible discussion:** The limit is 2, this function has a horizontal asymptote of y = 2 and the  farther the curve approaches to the left and right, the closer it will get to the value of 2.   |  | | --- | | **Teacher Tip:** Teachers may want to make some connections here to previous course work (Precalculus and Algebra 2) with respect to horizontal asymptotes. |   **Problem 2**  Now investigate the limit as you did in **Problem 1**. Fill in the following table given the  following input values:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **X** | **a** | **X** | **b** | **X** | **c** | **X** | **d** | | 1 | **2** | 100 | **2.7048** | 1000 | **2.7169** | 1010 | **2.71828** | | 2 | **2.25** | 200 | **2.7115** | 2000 | **2.7176** | 1015 | **1** | | 3 | **2.3704** | 300 | **2.7138** | 3000 | **2.7178** | 1020 | **1** |   (a) With a classmate, discuss what you notice as the input values approach infinity.  **Possible discussion:** Although the value of the limit is , it is may or may not be expected that  students will recognize such a value. A reasonable answer is 2.718.    (b) Given the following viewing window, graph the function and press **menu**, **trace**, **graph trace**.  This will place the trace on your curve. Press **esc** and it will leave a point the curve. Grab the  point and move it to the right (toward infinity). Describe what you see.    **Possible discussion:**    (c) State and explain the limit:  **Possible discussion:** Although the value of the limit is , it is may or may not be expected that  students will recognize such a value. A reasonable answer is 2.718, but at a certain point the  curve begins to oscillate around the limit of 2.718, and if you increase the value of x toward  infinity, at a certain point andthe limit will be 1 (see the graphs above).  **Problem 3**  Before you practice limits on your own, let’s examine the behavior of one more function:  Use the standard window, make sure your handheld is in radian measure and graph . After viewing the standard window, press **menu**, **window/zoom**, **zoom in**, and using the origin as the center, zoom in 4 times.  Discuss with a classmate what you notice about the function as the input values approach 0 and describe your results of the limit:  **Possible discussion:** The does not exist. Although it does not move toward infinity or negative infinity, the function oscillates wildly at x = 0 and never gets near a single value (see the multiple zoomed in graphs below).      **Practicing Limits**  Evaluate the limit for each expression:  1. **Solution:** 1  2. **Solution:**  3. **Solution:** The limit does not exist. (There are two different limits as 0 is  approached from different sides).  4. **Solution:**  5. **Solution:** -4  6. **Solution:** 3  7. **Solution:**  **Further IB Applications**  1. (a) Sketch the graph .    (b) Find numerically. **Solution:** 4  2. (a) Consider the function . Sketch the function.    (b) Evaluate the limit: **Solution:** 3 | | |
| |  | | --- | | **TI-Nspire Navigator Opportunity: *Quick Poll (Open Response)***  **Any part to any Problem in the activity would be a great way to quickly assess your student’s understanding of Limits.** |  |  | | --- | | **Teacher Tip:** Please know that in this activity there is a lot of time dedicated to students talking with one another and sharing their thoughts with the class. The goal here is to not only review limits, but also to generate discussion. |   *\*\*Note: This activity has been developed independently by Texas Instruments and aligned with the IB Mathematics curriculum, but is not endorsed by IB™. IB is a registered trademark owned by the International Baccalaureate Organization.* | | |