

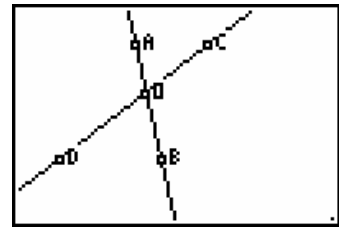
Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Geometry: Vertical, Adjacent, and Supplementary Angles with Cabri Jr.

### Part 1: Vertical and Adjacent Angles

Draw two intersecting lines and measure the angle formed.

- Draw  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{CD}$  that intersect near the center of the screen.
- Construct the intersection point of  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{CD}$ . Label this point  $O$ .
- Find the measure of each of the four angles. Place these measures in the interior of each angle.



#### Exploration:

1. Define Vertical Angles (p. 96) –

2. Drag point A or point B to four different locations where the angles have different measures. Find  $m\angle AOC$ ,  $m\angle BOD$ ,  $m\angle COB$ , and  $m\angle AOD$  for each location. Collect and record your data in the table to the right.

Location	1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	3 <sup>rd</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>
$m\angle AOC$				
$m\angle BOD$				
$m\angle COB$				
$m\angle AOD$				

3. If  $\angle AOD$  and \_\_\_\_\_ are vertical angles, then the  $m\angle AOD$  \_\_\_\_\_. If  $\angle AOC$  and \_\_\_\_\_ are vertical angles, then the  $m\angle AOC$  \_\_\_\_\_.

4. Define Adjacent Angles (p. 96) -

5. Identify all pairs of adjacent angles. (4 pairs)

6. If  $m\angle AOD = 90^\circ$ , what would be the measure of the remaining angles? Verify your answer using Cabri Jr.

7. Write a conjecture about two lines that intersect at a  $90^\circ$  angle.

8. Drag point A or point B so that  $m\angle AOD = m\angle AOC$ . What must be true about  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{CD}$ ?

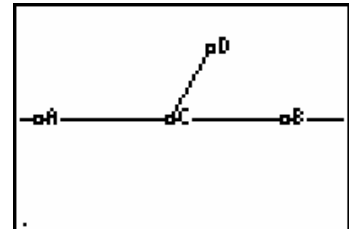
Show the teacher your calculator screen. Teacher Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

### Part 2: Supplementary Angles

9. Define Supplementary Angles (p. 96) –

10. Draw two adjacent angles that are supplementary.

- Clear the previous construction.
- Draw a horizontal line  $\overline{AB}$  near the center of the screen.
- Construct  $\overline{CD}$  so that point C is on  $\overline{AB}$  between point A and point B, and D is above the line.
- Measure  $\angle ACD$  and  $\angle DCB$ . Place these measures in the interior of each angle.
- Calculate the sum of  $m\angle ACD$  and  $m\angle DCB$ . Label the calculation and place it near the bottom of the screen.



#### Exploration:

11. Change the size of the angle by dragging D to the left and right and by dragging D to the other side of  $\overline{AB}$ . Observe the changes in the measures and note how they are related.

12. True or False: Consider the following statements and use a construction to determine if they are valid.

Be sure to provide written arguments for your conclusions.

- Supplementary angles can be drawn without having vertical angles. True or False: \_\_\_\_\_
- Vertical angles can be drawn without having supplementary angles. True or False: \_\_\_\_\_
- Two adjacent angles can be drawn that are not supplementary. True or False: \_\_\_\_\_
- Any two non-adjacent angles are vertical angles. True or False: \_\_\_\_\_

Show the teacher your calculator screen. Teacher Signature: \_\_\_\_\_