

Activity 6:

Humidity makes air feel even hotter - Part I

by: Bob Tower

Humidity makes air feel even hotter



Activity Overview:

Using data from the USA TODAY graphic "Humidity makes air feel hotter" students will explore linear and quadratic functions to determine how well they model the relationship between air temperature and heat index. When the models have been determined students will use these models to make predictions about the heat index when given a specific temperature.

Concepts:

- Modeling real-world data with linear and quadratic functions
- Creating scatterplots using real-world data
- Comparing data in graphical and numerical form
- Analyzing rate of change

Activity at a Glance:

- Grade level: 7-10
 - Subject: Algebra Linear Equations/ Functions
- Estimated time: four class periods (45 minutes each)

Materials:

- TI-Navigator[™] Classroom Learning System
- TI-83 Plus family or TI-84 Plus family

Optional:

- Multimedia Projector
- TI Keyboards

Prerequisites:

Student will know how to:

- build regression models
- create a scatterplot



TI **navigator**. For use with the TI-Navigator™ Classroom Learning System 2 Activity 6: Humidity makes air feel even hotter - part I



Student Objectives:

- Explore linear functions that will model the relationship between air temperature and heat index at fixed relative humidity values
- Make generalizations and apply the findings

Background:

Heat index is a measure used to describe the relationship between humidity and temperature and how this makes you feel on a hot day. Mathematical models of the data will be determined and used to predict the temperature when given the heat index and to predict the heat index when given the temperature. This activity will look at the data that will generate a linear graph.

Focus Question:

A linear model, y = mx + b

• What is the air temperature at 0% humidity when the heat index is 105°F?

Preparation:

- Setup your TI-Navigator[™] 2.0 Classroom Learning System
- Make sure you are familiar with the following functions: Send to Class, Collect from Class, Screen Capture, Quick Poll and Activity Center
- Your students will need a TI-83 Plus or TI-84 Plus graphing calculator, either working in pairs or individually
- Download the activity resource files to your computer from the Activity CD
- Recommendations:
 - Multimedia Projector for sharing the Activity Center, Quick Polls and Screen Captures with your students
 - TI Keyboards for students to easily answer the LearningCheck[™] assessment questions

Additional Resources:

See the Preface for classroom management tips and Appendix A for information on TI-Navigator.



Data Source:

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Activity Extension:

- This activity is appropriate for prealgebra
- Research this topic using the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) web site -<u>http://www.noaa.org</u>
- Find articles in USA TODAY that relate to the effects of a heat wave on people or the economy of a region
- Use TI's data collection technology to test the heat and humidity in your own area

Curriculum Connection:

- Health and Physical Education explore the effects on the human body during exercise or the effects of extreme heat and humidity on the spread of disease
- Anatomy and Physiology explore the effects on the human body when these extreme conditions prevail
- Environmental Science effects of extreme heat and humidity on the environment
- Agricultural Science Explore the effects of extreme heat and humidity on livestock and crops
- Geography What regions are experiencing extreme heat and humidity?





Student:

Activity: To answer the focus question, students will make a scatterplot for air temperatures from 70°F through 140°F and the corresponding heat index levels at 0% relative humidity	Focus Question: What will the air temperature be when the relative humidity is 0% and the heat index is 105°F?
 Steps: Send to Class – send humidity data files to class, they will use them to create a scatterplot Screen Capture – check student understanding Quick Poll – Is the association shown by the scatterplot – negative, positive or neither? Quick Poll – True or false, are all of the points in your scatterplot located in the 4th quadrant? Quick Poll – What type of equation do you think would best fit the graph – linear, quadratic or cubic? Calculator – Modeling data with a linear function Screen Capture – check student understanding Activity Center – explore the students regression models Assessment and Evaluation – using LearningCheck™ with Send to/Collect From Class and the Class Results Slide Show See below for details on each of these steps. 	
 STEP 1 – SEND TO CLASS After students have logged into TI-Navigator, send the "Humidity makes air feel hotter" data (MT_L_1_8xl and MT_L_28xl) to the class using "Force send to students now" The data represents the air temperatures from 70° F through 140° F and the corresponding heat index levels at 0% relative humidity for Activity 1 Prompt the class to create a scatterplot of the data with L1 the independent variable and L2 the dependent variable 	 Press <u>APPS</u> and select NavNet, login using your user name and password Wait for the teacher transfer – the data is downloaded in two lists, L1 and L2 Once the data is downloaded, press BACK (ZOOM) and then 4 to EXIT APP Press <u>2nd</u>Y= and adjust the settings for a scatterplot. Press <u>WINDOW</u> and set the appropriate window values for your data. Press <u>GRAPH</u>

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Teacher:







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Teacher:		Student:	
1.	STEP 5 – QUICK POLL From the pull-down menu select "Multiple Choice A	1.	Students mark their answer A, B or
2. 3.	Thru C" and check Resubmit so that students may change their answers Press ▶ Start Poll when you are ready to start Instruct the class to mark and send A, B, or C to answer this question:	2.	C and press SEND (Y=) They may resubmit their answers during the class discussion
	Which type of equation (regression model) do you think would best fit the graph? Try the following equations when making your decision. A) Linear equation: $y = ax + b$ B) Quadratic: $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ C) Cubic: $y = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$		
4. 5.	Discuss with your class to check for understanding Press Stop Poll when you are ready to move on		
STEP 6 – MODELING DATA WITH A LINEAR		1.	From the TI-Navigator Home
1. 2.	FUNCTION Instruct your students to exit the TI-Navigator Home screen and use the calculators regression capabilities to create a linear regression based on their scatterplot Once the linear regression is complete, instruct your students to go to the TI-Navigator Home screen	2. 3.	screen, press (4) to EXIT APP To use the regression capabilities, press STAT (▶) to access the CALC menu Select 4:LinReg(ax+b) and enter [2nd[L1],[2nd[L2], press VARS] (▶)ENTER]ENTER
NO line sca	TE : You may want to have your students create the ear regression model right after they create the atterplot	4.	Press ENTER GRAPH TRACE to have the calculator determine the linear function that best models the data set
	STEP 7 – SCREEN CAPTURE		Y1=.855X+5.025
1.	Use Screen Capture to check student understanding. The scatterplots should look like the image on the right. If not, this is an opportunity to discuss appropriate independent and dependent variables for this problem.		X=105Y=94.8
2.	Instruct your students to return to TI-Navigator when you are ready to continue the activity	1.	Press APPS) and select NavNet



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Teacher:		Student:		
\langle	STEP 8 – ACTIVITY CENTER			
1.	In Activity Center, Load Activity Settings – MT_Humidity_Activity_1.act			
2.	Press Start Activity to begin			
3.	Instruct your students to create two functions that have the same y-intercept as their regression models	1. 2.	Press (APPS) and select NavNet From the TI-Navigator Home screen	
4.	Watch the solutions and select student expressions that are particularly interesting or ambitious, for discussion	3.	press 1 Activity Center When prompted, enter your two equation in Y1= and Y2= and press SEND (γ =) OPTION: Press PL0T (<u>WINDOW</u>) to view the graph of your equations	
5.	If there are submissions that have common errors, you may pause the activity, and discuss "what a student who submitted these equations might have been thinking"			
6.	Discuss with your class to check for understanding		before sending	
7.	Press Stop Activity when you are ready to continue			
Ѕт	EP 9 – ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION			
Aco Cla	cess your students' understanding by using Send to ss, LearningCheck™ and Class Analysis			
1.	Using Send to Class, distribute the LearningCheck assessment file (MT_Humidity_1.edc) to your students using "Force send to students now"	1. 2.	From the TI-Navigator Home screen press 2 Network Apps Select LearnChk	
2.	Prompt them to open the MLearningCheck assignment and answer the following questions:	3.	Select the MT Humidity 1 assignment and follow the prompts	
	Which model did you choose to best represent the data?		to answer the question (TI Keyboards may be used)	
	A: A linear model: $y = ax + b$			
	humidity is 0% and the heat index is $105^{\circ}F$?			
З	Select Class Analysis			
3. 4.	Select Collect Answers Files From Class			
	NOTE : Before collecting the answers, we recommend that you check the options "Delete Answer File from Device after Collect" and "Delete Assignment File from Device after Collect"			
5.	Using Class Results Slide Show, discuss the results with your class to check for understanding			