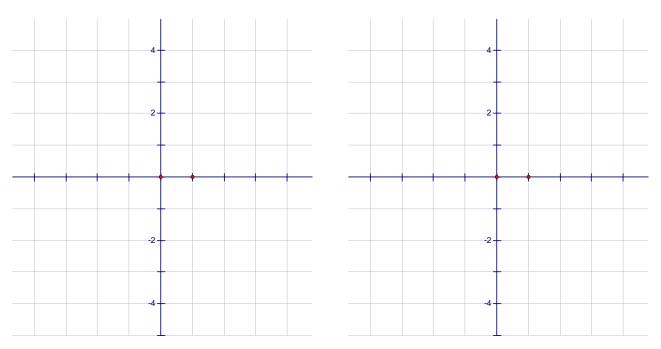
Special Property of Cubic Functions with Three Distinct Zeros Discovery Activity

Purpose: This is a discovery exercise. It is about tangent lines and zeros of polynomial functions.

1. Given the 3rd degree polynomial functions

$$f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 6$$
 and $g(x) = 2x^3 + 5x^2 - 2x - 5$

a) Graph the cubic polynomial functions f and g and notice that each has 3 distinct zeros.



- b) Calculate the average of any two zeros from the function f. Call the average z.
- c) Graph the tangent line at the point (z, f(z)). Where does the tangent line cross the x- axis?
- d) Calculate the average, v, of another pair of zeros from the function f and note where the tangent line at (v, f(v)) crosses the x-axis.
- e) Complete a) d) for the function g.
- f) State a general property shared by cubic functions with 3 distinct zeros. Make up your own cubic function with three distinct zeros and test your property. Does your property hold?