

Investigating Parallelograms

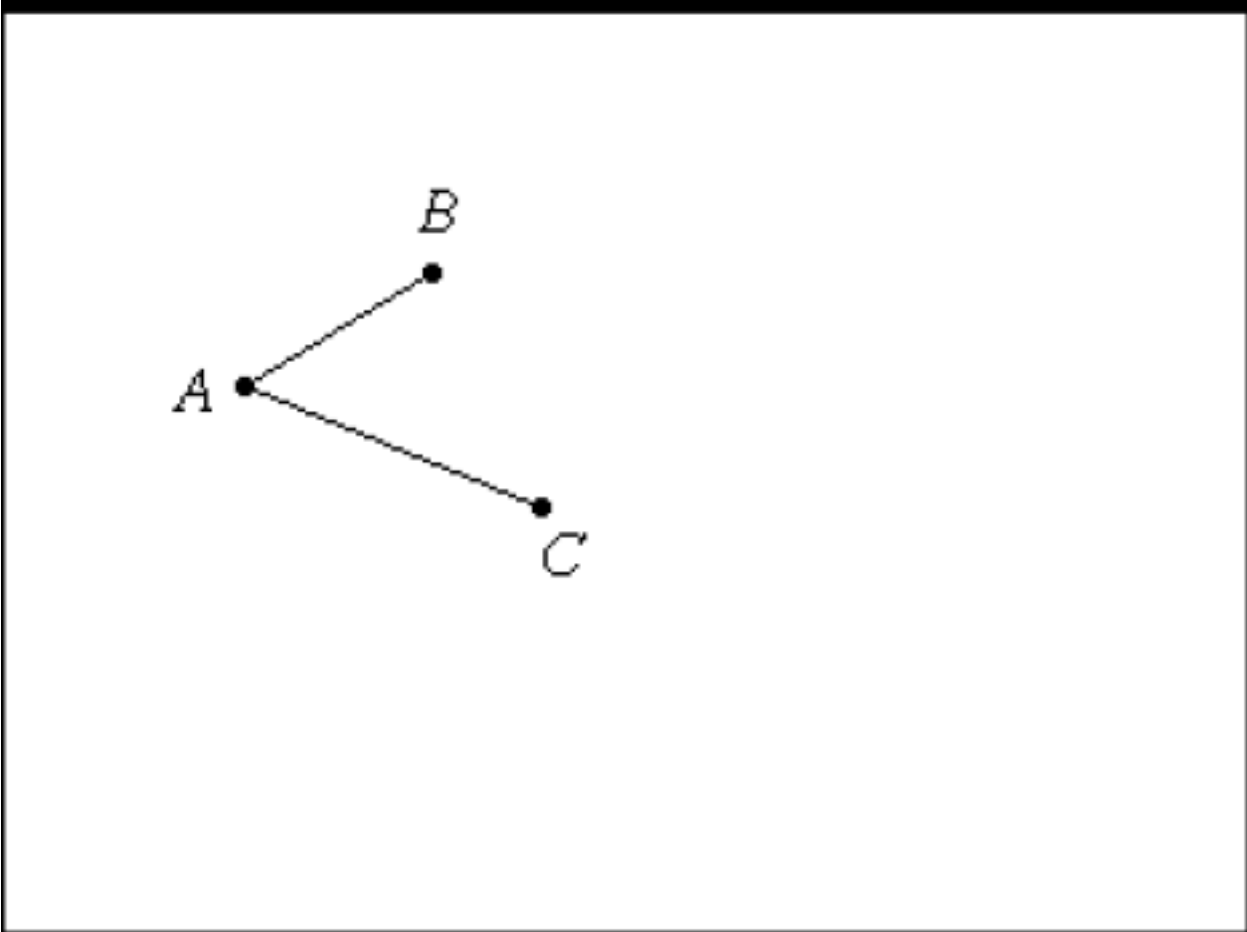
You can TI-Nspire Handheld to explore the properties of parallelograms.

A parallelogram is a quadrilateral with both pairs of opposite sides parallel.

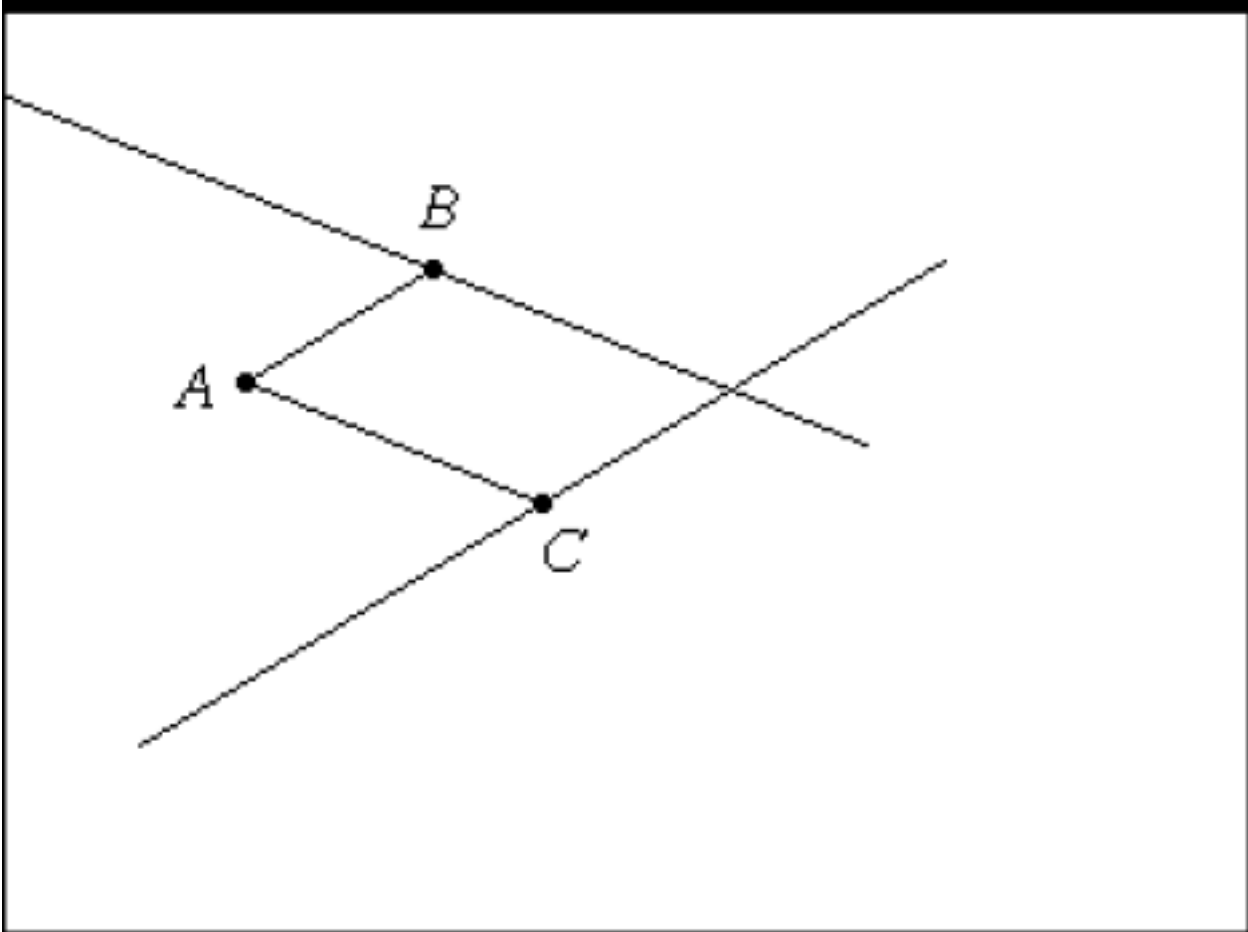
CONSTRUCT

Construct a parallelogram.

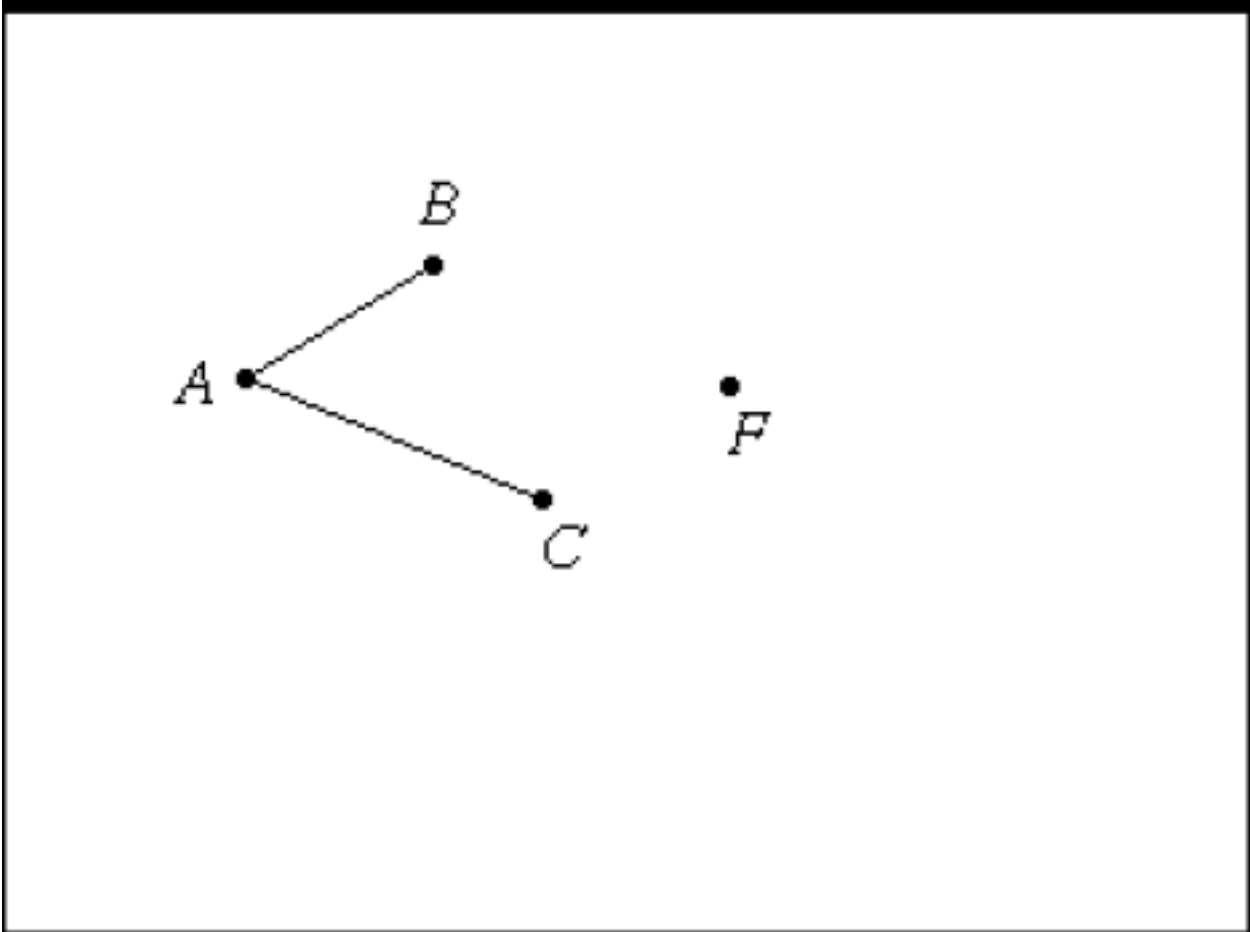
1. To construct a parallelogram, draw a segment and label it AB. From point A, draw another segment. Label it AC.



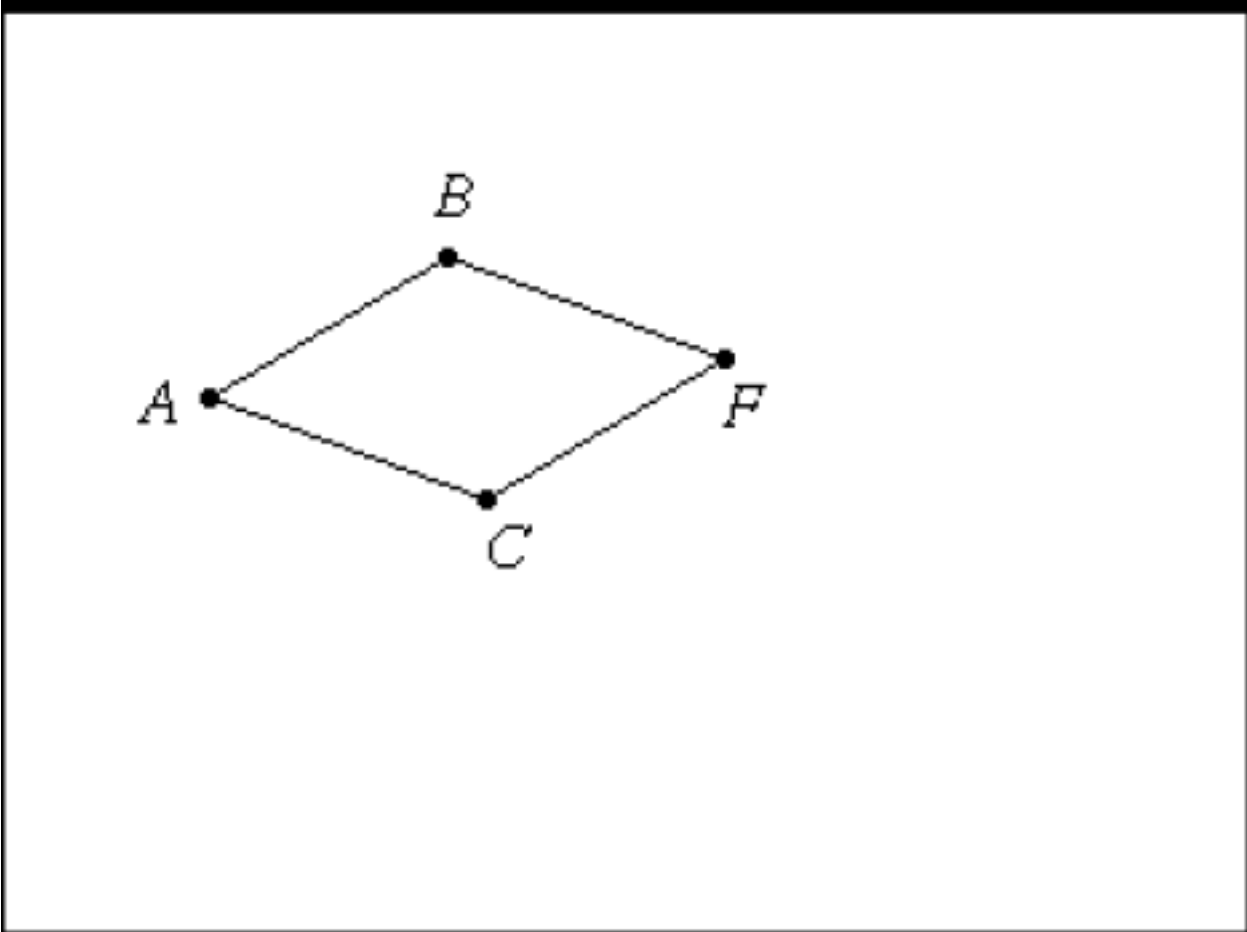
2. Construct a line through B parallel to segment AC.
3. Construct a line through C parallel to segment AB.



4. Mark the intersection of these two lines F and hide the lines.



5. Draw segments BF and CF to form parallelogram ABFC.



Question

INVESTIGATE

1. Drag points A, B, and C one at a time and notice how ABFC changes.

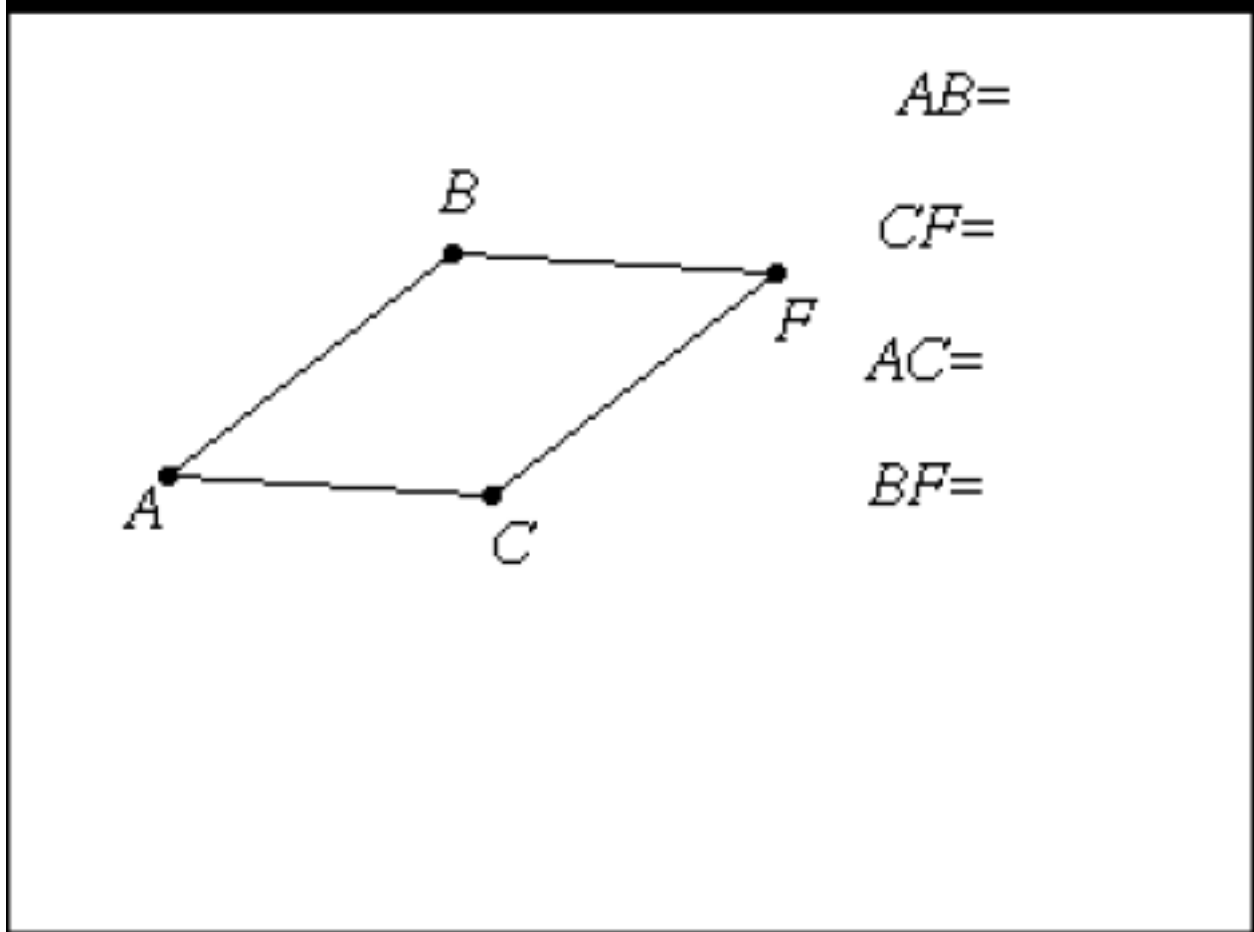
Is

ABFC always a parallelogram? How do

you know?

Question	▲
<p>2. Measure segments AB, BF, CF, and AC. What do you notice?</p> <p>3. Drag points A, B, and C one at a time, continuing to compare the side lengths. What do you notice?</p>	
Answer	▼
	▼

Question	▲
MAKE A CONJECTURE 4. Make a conjecture about the sides of a parallelogram.	
Answer	▼
	▼



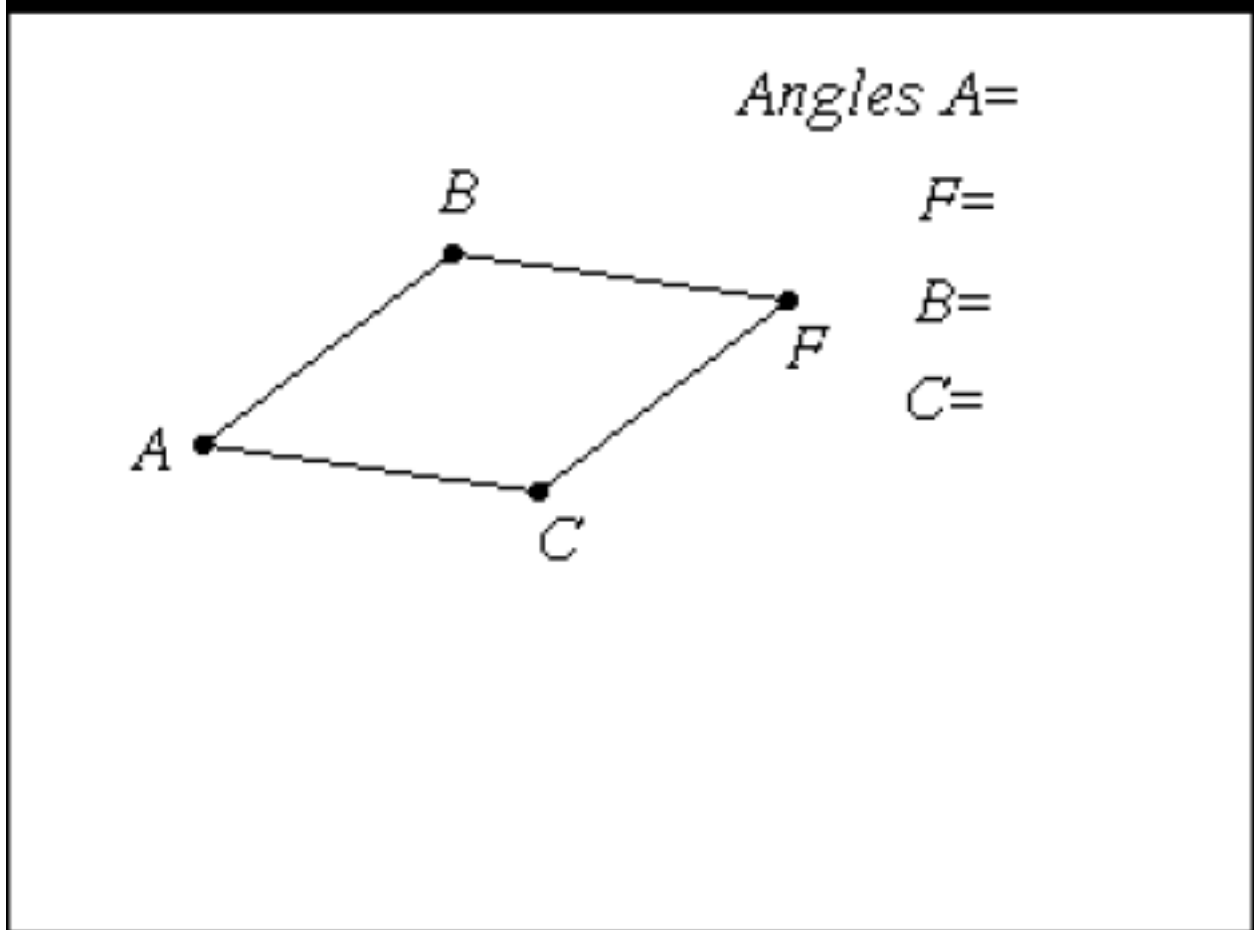
Question

INVESTIGATE

5. Measure angles A, B, C, and F.
Drag points A, B, and C one at a time while comparing the angle measures. What do you notice?

Answer





Question

MAKE A CONJECTURE

6. Make a conjecture about opposite angles of a parallelogram.

Answer



EXTENSION

CRITICAL THINKING

Draw the diagonals of parallelogram ABFC. Measure the distance from the intersection of the diagonals to each vertex of the parallelogram. Make and test a conjecture.