Teacher Notes

G.G.55 Investigate, justify, and apply the properties that remain invariant under rotation about a point. <u>ANGLE MEASURE</u>

Lesson Launcher Objective:

1) Discover that angle measure is preserved under a rotation about a point.

Procedure:

The student opens Cabri Jr. and the \triangle A1B1C1 is the image of \triangle ABC under a **APPVAR ROTATE2** rotation about point P. The measures of the angles of the triangles A1 B1° A 81° В1 590 B 59° have been indicated. C40° The student will explore the figure by dragging the vertices of the $\triangle ABC$ or by dragging either radius point. C1 40°

1.) Select grab and drag either radius point.

What is changing? The measures of the angles of the triangles.

What is remaining the same? The pre-image angle and image angle always have the same measure.

2.) Select grab and drag point A, B or C.

What is changing? The measures of the angles of the triangles.

What is remaining the same? The pre-image angle and image angle always have the same measure 3) Select, grab and drag point A, B, C or either radius point. As you move your selected point stop and record 5 successive trials by entering the measures of the angles in the table below.

Trial #	∠ABC	∠A1B1C1	∠BCA	$\angle B1C1A1$	∠CAB	$\angle C1A1B1$
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						

Answers will vary from student to student.

- 4) What seems to be true about the measures of $\angle ABC$ and $\angle A1B1C1$? They are always equal.
- 5) Name two other pairs of angles that demonstrate this same property. $\angle BCA$ and $\angle B1C1A1$, $\angle CAB$ and $\angle C1A1B1$
- 6) Under the transformation glide reflection is angle measure preserved? yes
- 7) In your own words explain what it means when a property is preserved. Answers will vary.