## Student Activity

$\begin{array}{llll}7 & 8 & 9 & 10\end{array}$


## Introduction

In this investigation you will determine a formula for finding the midpoints of two given points and then apply this to find the midpoint of a fixed point and a point on a line.

Start a new document and insert a Graphs application. If the dot-grid is not displayed press:

$$
\text { menu }>\text { Settings > dot grid }
$$

With the dot grid displayed, press P and select Point.
Place two points on the grid, one in quadrant one and the other in quadrant 2 . Placing the points on the grid will ensure the points will be whole numbers.

Add the coordinates to both points:

## menu $>$ Actions $>$ Coordinates \& Equations

Place point $A$ at $(-4,3)$ and point $B$ at $(6,3)$.


The next task is to automatically locate the midpoint of $A$ and $B$.
menu $>$ Geometry $>$ Construction $>$ Midpoint
With the midpoint tool active, click on point $A$ followed by point $B$, then get the coordinates of this point.

This resource can now be used to answer the following questions by dragging point $A$ or $B$ to the required location(s).

| 41 Actions |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 楽 2 View |  |
| If 3 Graph Entry/Edit * |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \AA 1 & \text { Perpendicular } \\ \approx 2 & \text { Parallel } \end{array} \quad{ }_{B}(6,3)$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| + 3 Perpendicular Bisector <4 Angle Bisector |  |
|  | Points |
| ."- 5 Midpoint | Shapes |
| - 6 Locus | Measurement |
| ¢ 7 Compass | Construction |
| 2.0 8 Measurement transfer | Transformation * |

## Question: 1.

Determine the coordinates of the midpoint for each of the following pairs of points:
a) $(-4,3) \&(6,3)$
b) $(2,3) \&(6,3)$
c) $(2,-2) \&(6,-2)$
d) $(-6,1) \&(6,1)$

## Question: 2.

Each pair of points in Question 1 has a different abscissa (x coordinate) and a common ordinate (y coordinate).
Based on your results, suggest a method of calculating the abscissa for the midpoint.

## Question: 3.

Determine the coordinates of the midpoint for each of the following pairs of points:
a) $(2,5) \&(2,-3)$
b) $(-3,4) \&(-3,-2)$
c) $(-5,6) \&(-5,-4)$
d) $(0,5) \&(0,-3)$

Question: 4.
Each pair of points in Question 3 has a different ordinate and a common abscissa. Based on your results, suggest a method of calculating the ordinate for the midpoint.

## Question: 5.

Determine the coordinates of the midpoint for each of the following pairs of points:
a) $(1,4) \&(7,2)$
b) $(-5,4) \&(7,2)$
c) $(-5,-4) \&(3,2)$
d) $(-5,-5) \&(1,5)$

## Question: 6.

Does your calculation method from Questions 2 and 4 work for any pair of points?

## Question: 7.

Point $A$ is located at $(-4,-6)$, the midpoint is at the origin. Determine the location of point $B$.

## Question: 8.

Points $A$ is located at $(4,4)$. The midpoint of point $A$ and $B$ is located on the $y$ axis. Describe the location of point $B$.

## Question: 9.

Points A is located at $(3,-3)$. Point B is located on the line $y=x$. Describe the location of the midpoint.

## Question: 10.

Points A is located at $(4,1)$. Point B is located on the line $y=x+1$. Describe the location of the midpoint.

## Question: 11.

Points A is located at $(4,1)$. Point B is located on the line $y=2 x+1$. Describe the location of the midpoint.

## Extension:

Points A is located at $(6,2)$. Point B is located on the line $y=x^{2}$. Describe the location of the midpoint.

