## Activity 9 - Properties of Parallelograms

## Objectives

This activity is designed to help students discover the following theorems:
$\checkmark$ If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its opposite sides are congruent.
$\boldsymbol{\checkmark}$ If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its opposite angles are congruent.
$\boldsymbol{\nu}$ If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its consecutive angles are supplementary.
$\checkmark$ If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its diagonals bisect each other.
Vocabulary

| parallelogram | segment |
| :--- | :--- |
| parallel | angle |
| opposite angles | consecutive angles |
| congruent | diagonal |
| bisect | intersection |
| supplementary |  |

## Prerequisites

Students must understand how to:
$\boldsymbol{\checkmark}$ Construct and label a segment.
$\checkmark$ Construct parallel lines.
$\checkmark$ Measure and label sides.
$\checkmark$ Measure and label angles.
Answers
3. Sides $A D$ and $B C$ are congruent.
4. Sides $A B$ and $C D$ are congruent.
6. The relationship does not change.
7. The result does not change.
8. If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its opposite sides are congruent.
10. $\angle A$ and $\angle C$ are congruent.
11. $\angle B$ and $\angle D$ are congruent.
13. The relationship does not change.
14. The result does not change.
15. If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its opposite angles are congruent.
16. $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are supplementary.
17. $\angle B$ and $\angle C$ are supplementary.
19. Yes, the relationship is the same.
20. The result does not change.
21. If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its consecutive angles are supplementary.
26. The diagonals bisect each other.
28. Yes, the relationship is the same.
29. The result does not change.
30. If a quadrilateral is a parallelogram, then its diagonals bisect each other.

