## Activity 7 - Centroid and Orthocenter

## Objectives

This activity is designed to help students recognize the following properties:
$\checkmark$ The medians of a triangle have only one point of intersection, called the centroid.
$\checkmark$ If a triangle is acute, then the centroid lies inside the triangle.
$\checkmark$ If a triangle is obtuse, then the centroid lies inside the triangle.
$\checkmark$ If a triangle is right, then the centroid lies inside the triangle.
$\checkmark$ The altitudes of a triangle have only one point of intersection, called the orthocenter.
$\checkmark$ If a triangle is acute, then the orthocenter lies inside the triangle.
$\checkmark$ If a triangle is obtuse, then the orthocenter lies outside the triangle.
$\checkmark$ If a triangle is right, then the orthocenter lies on the triangle.

## Vocabulary

| triangle | median |
| :--- | :--- |
| altitude | intersection |
| acute | right |
| obtuse |  |

## Prerequisites

Students must understand how to:
$\checkmark$ Construct and label a triangle.
$\checkmark$ Measure and label angles.
Answers
5. $W$ is inside the triangle.
7. If a triangle is acute, then the centriod lies inside the triangle.
9. $\quad W$ is inside the triangle.
11. If a triangle is obtuse, then the centriod lies inside the triangle.
13. $W$ is inside the triangle.
15. If a triangle is right, then the centriod lies inside the triangle.
21. $W$ is inside the triangle.
23. If a triangle is acute, then the orthocenter lies inside the triangle.
25. $W$ is outside the triangle.
27. If a triangle is obtuse, then the orthocenter lies outside the triangle.
29. $W$ is on the triangle.
31. If a triangle is right, then the orthocenter lies on the triangle.


Figure A. 6

