# Exploring Linear Equations 

ID: 8189

## Topic: Functions \& Relations

- Graph a set of ordered pairs as a scatter plot.
- Given two points on a line, calculate the slope and write the equation of the line.


## Activity Overview

In this activity we will

- Enter "life expectancy" data into lists and set up scatter plots.
- Trace the scatter plot to select two points. Use the points to calculate slope and write a linear equation.
- Use the Transformation Graphing APP to fit the data using a linear equation in slopeintercept form and analyze the meaning of the slope and the intercept in relationship to birth year and life expectancy.


## Teacher Preparation

This activity is designed to be used in a middle school or high school Algebra 1 classroom.

- Students should already be familiar with the meaning of slope and how to find the slope of a line given two points on the line (the ratio: difference of $y$-values and difference of $x$-values).

Classroom Management

- This activity is intended to be mainly teacher-led, with breaks for individual student work. Use the following pages to present the material to the class and encourage discussion. Students will follow along using their graphing calculators.
- The student worksheet is intended to guide students through the main ideas of the activity. It also serves as a place for students to record their answers. Alternatively, you may wish to have the class record their answers on separate sheets of paper, or just use the questions posed to engage a class discussion.

TI-84 Plus Applications<br>Transformation Graphing

## Exploring Linear Equations

In this activity we will

- Enter "life expectancy" data into lists and set up scatter plots.
- Trace the scatter plot to select two points. Use the points to calculate slope and write a linear equation.
- Use the APP to fit the data using a linear equation in slope-intercept form and analyze the meaning of the slope and the intercept in relationship to birth year and life expectancy.


## U. S. Life Expectancy at Birth

| Birth <br> Year | Female | Male | Combined |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 65.2 | 60.8 | 62.9 |
| 1950 | 71.1 | 65.6 | 68.2 |
| 1960 | 73.1 | 66.6 | 69.7 |
| 1970 | 74.7 | 67.1 | 70.8 |
| 1975 | 76.6 | 68.6 | 72.6 |
| 1980 | 77.5 | 70.0 | 73.7 |
| 1985 | 78.2 | 71.2 | 74.7 |
| 1990 | 78.8 | 71.8 | 75.4 |
| 1995 | 78.9 | 72.5 | 75.8 |
| 1998 | 79.4 | 73.9 | 76.7 |
|  | (2000 World Almanac, $p .891)$ |  |  |



Set up a scatter plot of Birth Year versus Female Life Expectancy. Press 2nd $Y=$ for the STAT PLOT menu. Press ENTER ENTER. This will select Plot 1 and turn it on. Because the defaults are "scatter plot, $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$ " no other settings need to be changed.

Press WINDOW to set the window with the settings shown.

(78.2-73.1)/(198 5-1960)



Press APPS ALPHA 4 and locate the Transformation Graphing APP (Transfrm). Select the APP.
Using the $x$ - and $y$-values from the two points, calculate the slope. Then use the point slope form to calculate the y-intercept. Discuss the meanings of both numbers (for each year after 1940 you were born, you should live about 2 tenths of a year longer...if the trend continued into the past, then in the year 0 people would have lived -327 years).
Press TRACE. Select two points that seem to fall on the line that would best fit the data.

Press any key as directed. You will be sent to the home screen and it will appear as though nothing has happened.

Press $Y=$ to see the effect of engaging the APP. Enter the general form of a linear equation by pressing ALPHA MATH X,T,,$n$ ALPHA APPS.

Press GRAPH. By default $A$ will be set at 1 and $B$ will be set at 1 unless the APP has been used since the calculator was reset.

Type in the value of A found when calculating slope in an earlier step (. 204 in the example). Press ENTER, then press $\square$ to type in the value of $B(-326.74$ in the example). Press ENTER.

To adjust the slope of the line for fine-tuning, press WINDOW $\triangle$ to view the settings. Reset the step to .001 . Return to the graph. Use the right and left arrows to adjust A to try to slightly to improve the fit.

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To further adjust the line for fine-tuning, press WINDOW $\Delta$ to view the settings. Reset the step to .1.

Return to the graph. Use the right and left arrows to adjust $B$ to further improve the fit.

Repeat for the life expectancy of males or for males and females combined. This allows students to practice using two points to calculate slope and write a linear equation and get immediate feedback on their


