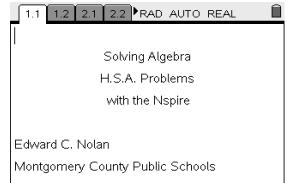
<u>**TI-Nspire Activity</u>**: Maryland Algebra H.S.A. Activity By: Edward C. Nolan</u>

### Activity Overview

In this activity, students work to solve various problems from the Maryland Algebra/Data Analysis High School Assessment (H.S.A.). These problems all are from the algebra strand. Students examine different ways to represent and solve nine different problems, some multiple choice, some constructed response.



### **Concepts**

- Representing patterns with verbal models, tables, graphs, and equations
- Determining line of best fit and the meaning of the representation
- Interpreting values along the line of best fit
- Determining and finding meaning for the solution of a system of equations

## **Teacher Preparation**

 This activity is presented in two versions – an instructional version (HSA Problems) and a review version (HSA Problems Soln). The students should have some background in algebraic skills for either approach, but the instructional version is designed to be lead by the teacher as a whole group presentation, as where the review version is designed for students to self-check their work individually or in small groups.

### The Classroom.

• This activity is designed to be implemented as independent practice, small group work, or classroom presentation.

## The Lesson

You will need either HSA Problems.tns or HSA Problems Soln.tns loaded onto each calculator and the HSA Problems worksheet for each student.



#### **Option 1: Whole Class Instruction**

The students will work through the problems with teacher guidance on a problem-byproblem basis. Using the *HSA Problems.tns* file, the teacher guides the students to create multiple representations, solve problems using multiple techniques, and answer each of the problems. See the end of the file or the HSA Problems worksheet for the problem set.

| 1.1    | 1.2 2.    | 1 2.2 RAD AUTO REA        | Ĺ        |
|--------|-----------|---------------------------|----------|
| The ta | able belo | w shows a relationship    | <b>~</b> |
| betwe  | en x an   | d y.                      |          |
|        | x         | ¥                         |          |
|        | -5        | 14                        |          |
|        | -1        | 6                         |          |
|        | 2         | 0                         |          |
| I      | 4         | -4                        |          |
| Deterr | mine an   | equation to describe this |          |

#### **Answer Key**

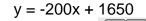
- 2007 10.
  - 12. y = -201x + 809

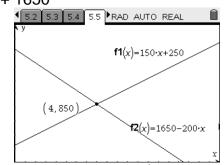
J

The slope of -201 means that for every year that the computer ages, the value decreases \$201.

A computer that is about 2.5 years old is worth \$300.

- The model does not remain a good model for a 6-year-old computer because the value would be negative. This does not make sense for this context.
- 11. A
- 23. y = 150x + 250





After 4 weeks, they both have \$850. You can see this because it is the point of intersection of the two equations.

| 2008 | 12. |  |
|------|-----|--|
|      | 19. |  |
|      | 21. |  |
|      | 23. |  |
|      | ~ 1 |  |

H C A D



#### **Option 2: Individual or Small Group Instruction**

The students will work individually or in small groups. Using the *HSA Problems Soln.tns* file, students solve problems using multiple techniques and answer each of the problems. This file is set up for students to be able to self-check their work on each problem.

| 1.1    | 1.2 2.   | 1 2.2 RAD AUTO REAL       | Î |
|--------|----------|---------------------------|---|
| The ta | ble belo | w shows a relationship    |   |
| betwe  | en x ano | dy.                       |   |
|        | ×        | Σ                         |   |
|        | -5       | 14                        |   |
|        | -1       | 6                         |   |
|        | 2        | 0                         |   |
| I      | 4        | -4                        |   |
| Deterr | nine an  | equation to describe this |   |

#### Assessment

Note: The option exists for the teacher to have each student work individually or in small groups using the *HSA Problems.tns* file. Students could save their work at the end of the class and the answers could be counted as a grade. This could be done by reviewing individual calculators or by collecting using Connect-to-Class.



# Pages of the Activity [Solution version]

| 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 RAD AUTO REAL                       | 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 PRAD AUTO REAL<br>This activity will demonstrate how the<br>TI-Nspire calculator can be used to solve the<br>type of problems that appear on the state of<br>Maryland's Algebra High School Assessment<br>(H.S.A.). |   |
|---|---|---|
| Edward C. Nolan<br>Montgomery County Public Schools | The problems are copyright by the Maryland<br>State Department of Education and are<br>available at their website, mdk12.org.   | 2 |

| 1.1       1.2       2.1       2.2       ▶ RAD AUTO REAL         The table below shows a relationship between x and y.       ▲       ¥  | 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 RAD AUTO REAL<br>One strategy to solve this problem would be<br>to graph the points and determine the<br>equation of the line that includes them.<br>Another strategy would be to determine the<br>slope and y-intercept from the table and use<br>the slope-intercept form of the line. We will<br>investigate both strategies. | ◆ 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL<br>For the first strategy, we will place the data into a spreadsheet, then graph the points and determine the line of fit. Once you plot the points, the regression line (mx + b) is found in MENU/Analyze/Regression                         |
|--|--|---|
| 1     4     -4       Determine an equation to describe this     ✓       1     2.1     2.2       2.1     2.2       2.2     2.4       PAD AUTO REAL       Ax     By       1     -5       1     -5       1     6       3     2       0     4       4     -4       5     ✓ | 12     2.3     2.4     2.5     RAD AUTO REAL       12  | <ul> <li>         2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL     </li> <li>For the second strategy, we need to examine patterns in the table.         X         Y         -5 14         -1 6         2 0         4 -4         You can use the calculator page to determine     </li> </ul> |



| 4 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 ▶RAD AUTO REAL     ■  | ▲ 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 RAD AUTO REAL  | 4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 ▶RAD AUTO REAL     1 |
|---|--|--|
| -5 14<br>-1 6<br>2 0<br>4 -4  | $\left\{ \frac{6-14}{-1-5} \right\}$   | Next, examine the table for where the the<br>y-intercept occurs. Remember, the<br>y-intercept is where x = 0. Use the<br>information about the slope that you just<br>discovered to help.  |
| You can use the calculator page to determine<br>the slope (remember, the slope is the<br>constant rate of change, change in y divided<br>by change in x).   | V  | <u>×</u> ⊻<br>−5 14<br>−1 6  |
|   | 0/99   | 2 0 ▼<br>1.7 2.8 2.9 2.10 RAD AUTO REAL  |
|   | Remember, since the slope is -2, each time<br>x increases by 1, y decreases by 2. Since  | Which of these equations describe this relationship?   |
| discovered to help.<br><u>×</u> <u>¥</u>  | one line of the table is (-1, 6), to increase x<br>by 1, we get 0. When we increase x by 1, we                                       | $\bigcirc y = \frac{1}{2}x - 6$  |
| -5 14<br>-1 6   | decrease y by 2. Therefore, the y-intecept is<br>4. Select the correct answer on the next<br>page, then check your answer with MENU. | $\bigcirc y = \frac{1}{2}x - 6$ $\bigcirc y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 2$   |
| 2 0<br>4 -4   |  | ○ y=2x-4<br>○ y=-2x+4  |
| 4 2.8 2.9 2.10 3.1 ▶RAD AUTO REAL     1 | 4 2.8 2.9 2.10 3.1 ▶RAD AUTO REAL  | 2.8 2.9 2.10 3.1 RAD AUTO REAL   |
| Public Release Version 2007, #12<br>The table below shows the age and the value<br>of a computer.   | Write an equation for a line of best fit.  | What is the age of the computer when its value is \$300? Use mathematics to explain how you determined your answer. Use  |
| Age (in years) Value  | What is the slope of your equation?  | words, symbols, or both in your explanation.   |
| 0 \$800   | What does the slope represent in the context of this problem?  | Will your equation remain a good model to  |
| 1 \$620<br>2 \$410  | What is the age of the computer when its   | predict the value of a computer when it is 6<br>years old? Use mathematics to justify your   |
| 3 \$200   | value is \$300? Use mathematics to explain   | answer.  |
| 2.9 2.10 3.1 3.2 RAD AUTO REAL  |  | ▲2.10 3.1 3.2 3.3 RAD AUTO REAL  |
|   | age value  |  |
| First, write the equation of the line of best fit.<br>Place the data on the next page (a  | • =LinRes  |  |
| spreadsheet page) and then use the data to  | 1         0         800 Title         Linear F           2         1         620 RegEqn         m*x+b                                | 3 410 m -201.  |
| calculate the line of best fit. Do this using   | 2 1 620 RegEqn m*x+b<br>3 2 410 m -  | 4 200 b 809.   |
| MENU/Statistics/ Stat Calculations/Linear<br>Regression (mx+b)  | 4 3 200 b  | 5 r <sup>2</sup> 0,99865   |
| (Tregression (Trix ))   | 5 r <sup>2</sup> 0.998   |  |
| ×   |  |  |
|   | <ul> <li>4 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL</li> </ul>  | ▲ 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 RAD AUTO REAL  |
| Record the line of best fit   | What is the meaning of the slope of your   | change in the dependent variable [value]   |
|   | equation (remember that the slope is the change<br>in the dependent variable [value] compared to                                     | compared to the change in the independent  |
| y=-201 x+809  | the change in the independent variable [age])?   | variable [age])?<br>Slope shows that the value of the computer   |
| Suggested Response:<br>y = -201 x + 809   |  | Slope shows that the value of the computer<br>decreases \$201 every year.  |
| y201x + 809   |  | Suggested Response:  |
|   |  | The slope of -201 means that for every year that the computer ages, the value decreases \$201.   |



| 4 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 RAD AUTO REAL   | 4 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 ►RAD AUTO REAL   | 4 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 ►RAD AUTO REAL   |
|---|--|--|
| $\frac{\text{solve}(300=-201\cdot x+809,x)}{1}$   | What is the age of the computer when its value is \$300?                                     | What is the age of the computer when its value is \$300?                               |
|   |  | About 2.5 years  |
|   |  |  |
| 0/99  |  | Suggested Response:<br>A computer that is about 2.5 years old is worth                 |
| Use the calculator page above and your line   |  | \$300.   |
| of best fit to calculate the age of the computer<br>when its value is \$300.              |  |  |
| when its value is \$500.  |  |  |
| 43.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 RAD AUTO REAL  | 4 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 RAD AUTO REAL  | 4 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 ►RAD AUTO REAL   |
| -201.6+809  | Will your equation remain a good model to<br>predict the value of a computer when it is 6    | years old? Use mathematics to justify your   |
|   | years old? Use mathematics to justify your   | answer.<br>No, the value of the computer is negative                                   |
| 0/99  | answer.  | after 6 years, so the model doesn't work.  |
| Use the line of best fit and the calculator page  |  |  |
| above to make your prediction as to whether   |  | Suggested Response:<br>The model does not remain a good model for                      |
| or not your model is a good fit for a<br>6-year-old computer.                             |  | a 6-year-old computer because the value<br>would be negative. This does not make sense |
|   |  | for this context.  |
| 4.3.7 3.8 3.9 4.1 ►RAD AUTO REAL  | 4 3.8 3.9 4.1 4.2 ►RAD AUTO REAL   | 4.1 4.2 4.3 RAD AUTO REAL  |
| Public Release Version 2007, #11  | We can solve this problem in many ways.  |  |
| Mary is considering two job offers. Job A   | Three ways would be using a graph to find<br>the point of intersection graphically, creating | First, let's find the graphic point of   |
| pays \$8.00 an hour and offers a one–time<br>\$100 bonus. Job B pays \$8.50 an hour and   | two equations and finding their point of   | intersection. Graph the lines, create an<br>appropriate window, then use MENU/ Points  |
| offers a one-time \$80 bonus. How many  | intersection algebraically, or creating a table<br>of values for each job and comparing the  | and Lines/Intersection Points to determine   |
| hours would may have to work to earn the<br>same amount of money at Job B as at Job       | amounts.   | the coordinates of the point of intersection.  |
| A?  |  |  |
|   |  |  |
| 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 RAD AUTO REAL   | 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 RAD AUTO REAL  | 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 RAD AUTO REAL  |
| (40, 420)   |  | solve(8·x+100=8.5·x+80,x)  |
|   | The second method would be to find the point<br>of intersection of the two equations.        |  |
|   | of intersection of the two equations.  |  |
| f1(x)=8·x+100   |  |  |
|   |  |  |
| <b>f2</b> (x)=8.5·x+80  | •  |  |
| 5 X   |  | 0/99   |
| 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 RAD AUTO REAL   |  | 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9 RAD AUTO REAL  |
|   | Aa Bb C D  | How many hours to earn the same amount of<br>money?                                    |
| A third method would be to create a table of<br>values for each of the equations and then |  | 0 40   |
| look for when the two lists have a common   | 1 108 88.5<br>2 116 97.  | 0 41   |
| value.  | 3 124 105.5  | O 420  |
|   | 4 132 114  | 0 428  |
|   | 5 140 122.5  |  |
|   | AI 108   |  |



| 4.7 4.8 4.9 5.1 RAD AUTO REAL                   | 4.8 4.9 5.1 5.2 RAD AUTO REAL   | 4.8 4.9 5.1 5.2 RAD AUTO REAL                      |
|---|---|--|
| Public Release Version 2007, #23                |   | Graph the two equations (Suggested                 |
| At the beginning of the summer, Sarah has       | Write an equation that represents the amount  |  |
| \$250. She takes a summer job and saves         | of money Felicia has at the end of each   | graphing window: $0 \le weeks \le 10$ ; $0 \le 10$ |
|   | week.   | amount ≤ 2000.)                                    |
| \$150 per week. Felicia has \$1,650 at the      |   |  |
| beginning of the summer. She travels during     |   |  |
| the summer and spends \$200 per week.           | Graph the two equations (Suggested  | At the end of which week do Sarah and              |
|   | graphing window: $0 \le$ weeks $\le 10$ ; $0 \le$   | Felicia have the same amount of money?             |
|   | amount ≤ 2000.)   | How much money do they have? Use                   |
| Write an equation that represents the amount    | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,   | mathematics to justify your answer.                |
| of money Sarah has at the end of each week.     |   | V  |
| 4.8 4.9 5.1 5.2 RAD AUTO REAL                   | 4.8 4.9 5.1 5.2 RAD AUTO REAL   | 4.9 5.1 5.2 5.3 RAD AUTO REAL                      |
| Create an equation for Sarah's saving over the  | Create an equation for Sarah's saving over the  | Now create an equation for Felicia's spending      |
| summer. Remember that she started with \$250    | summer. Remember that she started with \$250  | over the summer. Remember that she started         |
| and adds \$150 repeatedly each week.            | and adds \$150 repeatedly each week.  | with \$1,650 and spent \$200 per week (does her    |
|   | v=150x+250  | total increase or decrease?).                      |
|   | ,   |  |
|   | Suggested Response:   |  |
|   | v = 150x + 250  | L  |
|   | y = 150x + 250  |  |
|   |   |  |
|   |   |  |
|   |   |  |
|   | 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 RAD AUTO REAL   | 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 RAD AUTO REAL                      |
| Now create an equation for Felicia's spending   |   | У  |
| over the summer. Remember that she started      | Now graph each of your two equations on the   | <b>f1</b> (x)=150·x+250                            |
| with \$1,650 and spent \$200 per week (does her | next page. Remember to set your window at   | (x)=150·x+250                                      |
| total increase or decrease?).                   | $0 \le \text{weeks} \le 10$ using x for weeks and $0 \le$                                 |  |
| y=-200x+1650                                    | amount $\leq 2000$ using y for amount. Find their   |  |
|   | point of intersection.  |  |
| Suggested Response:                             | point of intersection.  | (4,850)  |
| v = -200x + 1650                                |   | $f2(x)=1650-200\cdot x$                            |
| <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>   |   |  |
|   |   | x  |
|   |   | L  |
| At the end of which week do Sarah and Felicia   | have the same amount of money? How much   |  |
| have the same amount of money? How much         | money do they have? Use mathematics to  |  |
| money do they have? Use mathematics to justify  | justify your answer.  |  |
| your answer.                                    | They both have \$850 after 4 weeks. The   |  |
| -   | They both have \$850 after 4 weeks. The<br>graph shows this as the point of intersection. |  |
|   | graph shows this as the point of intersection.  |  |
|   |   |  |
|   | Suggested Response:   |  |
|   |   |  |
|   | After 4 weeks, they both have \$850. You can  |  |
|   |   |  |



| 5.4 5.5 5.6 6.1 ▶RAD AUTO REAL     ☐   | 5.5 5.6 6.1 6.2 RAD AUTO REAL                | 5.6 6.1 6.2 6.3 RAD AUTO REAL                   |
|--|--|---|
| Public Release Version 2008, #12   |  | solve $(-12=-39+\frac{3}{2},x,x)$               |
| The following formula can be used to find the  | Use the calculator page on the next page to  | 2   |
| wind-chill temperature (w) when the wind   | calculate the answer. The equation is copied |   |
| speed is 20 miles per hour.  | for your use.                                | 0/99  |
| w = $-39 + \frac{3}{2}t$ (t = actual air temp.)  |  | w = $-39 + \frac{3}{2}t$ (t = actual air temp.) |
| What is the actual air temperature if the  |  | What is the actual air temperature if the       |
| wind-chill temperature is -12°?  |  | wind-chill temperature is -12°?                 |
|  |  |   |
| 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 RAD AUTO REAL  |  |   |
| Which of these is the actual air temperature if<br>the wind-chill temperature is -12°? |  |   |
| 0 -57°   |  |   |
| ⊖ -21°   |  |   |
| ○ 18°  |  |   |
| ⊖ 41°  |  |   |
|  |  |   |
|  |  |   |
|  |  |   |

| 6.2 6.3 6.4 7.1 RAD AUTO REAL  | 6.3 6.4 7.1 7.2 RAD AUTO REAL  | ● 6.4 7.1 7.2 7.3 ■ RAD AUTO REAL   |
|--|--|---|
| Public Release Version 2008, #19   |  | Which expression below represents the total   |
| Marina has \$20 in a savings account. She<br>wants to deposit \$10 each week for x weeks | To answer this question, think about how<br>much Marina has to start with and how much | amount of money, in dollars, she (Marina) will<br>have in her savings account in x weeks? |
| into her savings account. If she does not  | gets added over and over.  | () 10 (20 + x)  |
| withdraw any money, which expression<br>below represents the total amount, in dollars,   |  | ○ x (10 + 20)   |
| she will have in her savings account in x  |  | ○ 10x + 20  |
| weeks?   |  | ○ 20x + 10  |
|  |  |   |

| 7.1 7.2 7.3 8.1 RAD AUTO REAL   | 7.2 7.3 8.1 8.2 RAD AUTO REAL  |
|---|--|
| Public Release Version 2008, #21  | Which of these equations represents the total<br>monthly cost (c) of renting x movies?                         |
| Sean's movie rental company charges a<br>monthly fee of \$5.00 plus an additional cost of<br>\$1.25 per movie rental. Which of these<br>equations represents the total monthly cost<br>(c) of renting x movies? | <pre>&gt; c = 1.25x + 5.00<br/>&gt; c = 3.75x + 5.00<br/>&gt; c = 5.00x + 1.25<br/>&gt; c = 5.00x + 3.75</pre> |



| <b>7.3</b> 8.1 8.2 9.1 ▶RAD AUTO REAL     Î   | • 8.1 8.2 9.1 9.2 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL     □   | ● 8.2 9.1 9.2 9.3 ►RAD AUTO REAL  |
|---|---|---|
| Public Release Version 2008, #23<br>William charges \$4 per hour to babysit.<br>LaRhonda charges \$10, plus an additional \$2<br>per hour to babysit. Both William and<br>LaRhonda work the same number of hours.<br>After how many hours will they earn the<br>same amount of money? | This problem is similar to an earlier one. We<br>can solve this problem using a graph to find<br>the point of intersection graphically, creating<br>two equations and finding their point of<br>intersection algebraically, or creating a table<br>of values for each job and comparing the<br>amounts. | First, let's find the graphic point of<br>intersection. Graph the lines, create an<br>appropriate window, then use MENU/ Points<br>and Lines/Intersection Points to determine<br>the coordinates of the point of intersection.  |
| 9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4 ► RAD AUTO REAL       y     f1(x)=4·x       (5, 20)     f2(x)=2·x+10  | ● 9.2 9.3 9.4 9.5 ►RAD AUTO REAL  | 9.3 9.4 9.5 9.6 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL       solve(4:x=2:x+10,x)   |
| ······  |   | 0/99  |
| A third method would be to create a table of<br>values for each of the equations and then<br>look for when the two lists have a common<br>value.  | 9.5     9.6     9.7     9.8     RAD AUTO REAL       Aa     Bb     C     Aa       1     4     12       2     8     14       3     12     16       4     16     18       5     20     20  | 9.6       9.7       9.8       9.9       PRAD AUTO REAL         After how many hours will they (William and LaRhonda) earn the same amount of money?       2       2         2       2       hours       2         2.5       hours       4.5       hours         3       5       hours       5 |

|   | 9.8 9.9 10.1 10.2 RAD AUTO REAL   | 9.9 10.1 10.2 10.3 RAD AUTO REAL                      |
|---|---|---|
| Public Release Version 2008, #34  |   | Which of these equations represents this<br>function? |
| Look at the function that is graphed below.<br>What is the equation of this function? | Look at the graph and consider the slope<br>(change in y divided change in x) and the<br>y-intercept. | $\bigcirc y = \frac{1}{2}x - 4$                       |
| 6 <b>1</b> Y  |   | $\bigcirc y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$                       |
| /1 x  |   | $\bigcirc y = 2x - 2$ $\bigcirc y = 2x + 4$           |
|   |   |   |