



Problem 1 – Zeros of a parabola

- Locate the zeros of the function by dragging the point on the graph on page 1.3.

- Find the exact zeros of the function using the spreadsheet on page 1.4.

Problem 2 – Zeros of a cubic function

- Locate the zeros of the function by dragging the point on the graph on page 2.1.

- Identify all the possible rational zeros using the Rational Zero Theorem and enter these results in the spreadsheet on page 2.2. Then find the zeros of the function.

Problem 3 – A graphical look at the possible zeros of a parabola

- Click the slider to change the value of b (which changes the parabola). How is it possible that the graph sometimes has zeros that don't cross at any of the possible rational zeros that are labeled on the graph?

Exercises

1. Use the method described in the activity to find the rational zeros for $-10x^3 + 15x^2 + 16x - 12$.
2. How could synthetic division be used to help find the other zeros for the polynomial in Exercise 1? Use this to find the other zeros.
3. Is it possible for a polynomial to not have any rational zeros? Or any zeros at all? Explain.
4. An object is launched vertically from a point s_0 above the ground at an initial speed of v_0 feet per second. Its vertical distance above the ground is given by the equation $s = -16t^2 + v_0t + s_0$. Determine how long an object with velocity of 300 ft/sec will stay in the air if thrown upwards from a height of 5 feet.