Carbon Dating Algebra I or Algebra II Leslie Mattern

This information was taken from a problem in a Numb3rs Episode and adapted to the TI-Nspire handheld.

SPI 3103.5.3 Analyze patterns in a scatter-plot and describe relationships in both linear and non-linear data.

I have used this lab in both my Algebra I and Algebra II classes. Prior to the lab we have discussed exponential regression and half life.	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 RAD AUTO REAL Carbon dating is a method used to estimate the age of fossils, wood, or other tissue that were once living. Carbon is in all living things. The amount of C-14 in a living tissue) remains about the same as it's environment. When the organism dies the carbon is replaced by nitrogen. C-14 decays such that half of it remains after 5730 years. That is called it's half-life time.
Since candy is expensive, I have also used cheerios in place of the Reeses Pieces. It works just as well.	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 RAD AUTO REAL For this lab yqu will need the following materials: -Paper plate -M&M's (used to represent C−14 atoms) -Reeses Pieces (used to represent nitrogen atoms)



Hopefully the students will be able to make the connection between the "a" value of their equation being close to the initial value of their C-14 atoms and the "b" value being very close to .5.	▲ 1.8 1.9 1.10 1.11 RAD AUTO REAL In the general exponential equation f(x)=a(b)*x what does a represent and what does b represent? How does that apply to our lab?
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