Thursday Night PreCalculus, April 4, 2024

Exam Preparation

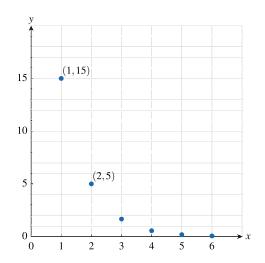
Problems

- **1.** The function f is defined by $f(x) = \frac{2x^3 3x^2 + 7}{x 3}$. What input value(s) in the domain of f yields an output value of -5?
- **2.** The table shows values for a function f at selected values of x.

Х	-2	-1	0	1	2
f(x)	-0.5	0.1	-2	0.5	10

A cubic regression is used to model the function f. What is the value of f(0.5) predicted by the cubic regression model?

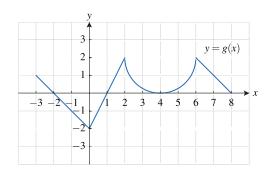
3. A geometric sequence has the form $g_n = g_k \cdot r^{(n-k)}$. The graph of a geometric sequence, g_n , is shown in the figure.



What is the value of g_5 .

- **4.** The growth of bacteria in a culture is modeled by $y = 100e^{0.75t}$, where t is measured in days. At what time t is the number of bacteria approximately 1500?
- **5.** Consider the logarithmic functions f and g defined by $f(x) = \log_3(2.5x + 1)$ and $g(x) = 3 2\log_3(1.4x 1)$. Find a zero of the function h defined by h(x) = f(x) + g(x).

- **6.** The function f is given by $f(x) = \cos(2.3x) \sin(1.7x)$. The function g is given by $g(x) = e^{0.75x} 2.5$. Find the input value such that f(x) = g(x).
- 7. The graph of the function g is shown in the figure, and consists of three line segments and a semicircle with radius 2.



The function f is given by $f(x) = \frac{-3x^2 + 1.9x + 4.5}{x^3 + 2x^2 + 1}$.

- (A) (i) The function h is defined by $h(x) = (f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$. Find the value of h(7), or indicate that it is not defined.
 - (ii) Find all values of x for which g(x) = -1, or indicate there are no such values.
- (B) (i) Find all real zeros of f, or indicate there are no such values.
 - (ii) Determine the end behavior of f as x increases without bound. Express your answer using the mathematical notation of a limit.
- (C) (i) Determine if an inverse function of g can be constructed for all values of x in the closed interval [2, 6].
 - (ii) Give a reason for your answer based on the definition of a function and the graph of g.
- **8.** The cost of an Uber ride in Boston is modeled by the function C given by

$$C(m) = \begin{cases} am + bm^2 & \text{if } 0 < m \le 5\\ d(m-5) + 25 & \text{if } m > 5 \end{cases}$$

where m is measured in miles and C is measured in dollars. Two Uber riders reported that for m = 1 the cost was \$9.00 and for m = 3, the cost was \$21.00.

- (A) (i) Use the given data to write two equations that can be used to find the values for the constants a and b in the expression for C(m).
 - (ii) Find the values for a and b.
- (B) (i) Use the given data to find the average rate of change of the cost of a ride, in dollars per mile, from m = 2 to m = 4. Show the computations that lead to your answer.
 - (ii) Interpret the meaning of your answer from (i) in the context of the problem.

- (iii) The two pieces of the function C are connected at the transition point when m = 5. It is know that $\lim_{m \to 5} C(m) = 25$ and C(6) = 27.5. Consider the average rates of change of C from m = 5 to m = p miles, where p > 5. Are these average rates of change less than or greater than the average rate of change from m = 2 to m = 4 miles found in (i)? Explain you reasoning.
- (C) Using the model C to predict the cost of an Uber ride, what is the maximum amount a rider could pay? Explain your reasoning.