

## Aim

The aim of this investigation is to use similarity to explore ratios in right angled triangles, specifically the ratio between the hypotenuse and adjacent side.

## Equipment

For this activity you will need:

- TI-nspire CAS
- TI-nspire CAS document Just Cos

## Introduction – Setting up the calculations

This activity requires access to the "Just Cos" TI-nspire document. This document should be loaded on your device before proceeding.

Once the document is on your handheld, press [Home] and select **My Documents**. Locate the document and press [Enter] to open.

Navigate to page 1.3 and use the spinners to adjust the angle ( $\alpha$ ) and scale factor (grow) to:

 $\alpha$  = 30°

Grow = 1.5

Use the mouse to click on the spinner, the measurements and diagram change accordingly.





 The first question in this investigation requires calculations to be performed. The Scratchpad is a place where calculations can be computed and then discarded. To access the Scratchpad press [Home] and select Scratchpad or press A.

To return to the current document, press [Esc] followed by **Current** (4).

- Image: Secret chpad
   Image: Secret chpad</thpad</thpad</th>
   Image: Sec
- Angle Grow AB' AC'AB' / AC' 30° 1.5 10.4 12.0 0.867 30° 2.0 13.9 16 0.869 30° 2.5 17.3 20 0.865 30° 3.0 20.8 24 0.867
- 1. Copy and complete the table below.

Change the angle ( $\alpha$ ) and scale factor (grow) to:

Grow = 1.5



2. Copy and complete the table below.

Angle	Grow	AB'	AC'	AB' / AC'
50°	1.5	10.4	16.2	0.641
50°	2.0	13.9	21.5	0.647
50°	2.5	17.3	26.9	0.643
50°	3.0	20.8	32.3	0.644

Complete the following statement:
"For a given angle, the ratio AB' / AC' <u>remains constant</u> when the scale (grow) is changed."

grow = 1.5

\*Just Cos 🗢

Frase Geometry Trace

\*Just Cos 🗢

1.1 1.2 1.3

AB' = 10.4 cmAC' = 102:Hide/Show

3:Select

6:Delete all

8:Unpin

1.2 1.3

4:Window / Zoom

🚔 α = 50.0

It is possible to have the calculator perform computations on this Geometry application directly. Move the mouse to a clear space and use a right mouse click [CTRL] + [Menu] and select **text**.

Type the following text:

adj / hyp

where ÷ is displayed as / then press [Enter]

Move the mouse over the text and again use a right mouse click, select **calculate**.

The **calculate** option checks the text for possible variables and requires the variables to be linked to values on the current screen.

AB' represents the adjacent side (adj).

The prompt requests "Select adj ?", move the mouse over the measurement and click on it.

AC' represents the hypotenuse (hyp).

Move the mouse over the measurement and click on it. The calculation is complete and the result is 'stuck' to the mouse. Move the mouse adjacent to the text expression and click to place the answer next to the text.

Adjust the angle and grow variable to:

 $\alpha$  = 60°

Grow = 1.5

Teachers Teaching with Technology

Make sure the computation is the same as the result shown opposite.





Author:

P Fox

Angle	Grow	AB'	AC'	AB' / AC'
10°	2.0	13.9	14.1	0.986
20°	2.0	13.9	14.7	0.946

© Texas instruments, 2010 (except where otherwise indicated). You may copy, communicate and modify this material for non-commercial educational purposes provided you retain all acknowledgements associated with the material

4. Copy and complete the table below.

30°	2.0	13.9	16.0	0.869
40°	2.0	13.9	18.1	0.768
50°	2.0	13.9	21.5	0.647
60°	2.0	13.9	27.7	0.502
70°	2.0	13.9	40.5	0.343
80°	2.0	13.9	79.8	0.174

- 5. Explain why the ratio AB'/AC' gets close to 1 (one) when the angle is small, such as 10°. The adjacent side gets closer in length to the hypotenuse therefore the ratio approaches one.
- 6. Does the ratio increase by the same amount each time the angle is changed by  $10^{\circ}$ ? The ratio goes up by a different amount each time, it is not linear.
- 7. Complete the following table by estimation. Estimate the ratio to 2 (two) decimal places. Check your estimation using the calculator and record the actual ratio correct to 2 (two) decimal places.

Angle	Grow	Estimate: Adj/Hyp	Actual: Adj/Hyp
5°	2.0		0.996
15 <sup>°</sup>	2.0	Answers will vary. Responses generally within 0.02 of actual ratio. Larger variation generally indicates student is using a linear interpolation.	0.966
25°	2.0		0.906
35°	2.0		0.819
45 <sup>°</sup>	1.5		0.707
55°	2.5		0.574
65°	3.0		0.423
75°	0.6		0.259
85°	2.4		0.087

8. Complete the following table by estimation. Estimate the ratio to 2 (two) decimal places. Ask your teacher to check your estimates.

Angle	Grow	Estimate: Adj/Hyp	Teacher: Adj/Hyp
28°	2.2		0.883
42°	1.6	Answers will vary	0.743
72°	2.0		0.309

© Texas instruments, 2010 (except where otherwise indicated). You may copy