



# Midsegments of Triangles

## Student Activity

Name \_\_\_\_\_

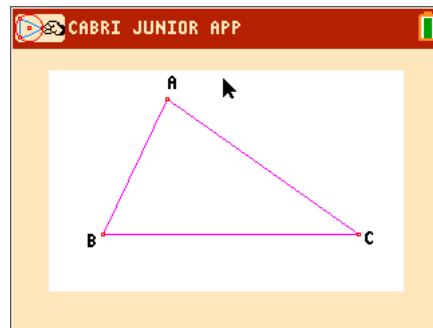
Class \_\_\_\_\_

### Problem 1 – One Midsegment

Open a new *Cabri™ Jr.* file. Construct a triangle using the **Triangle** tool.

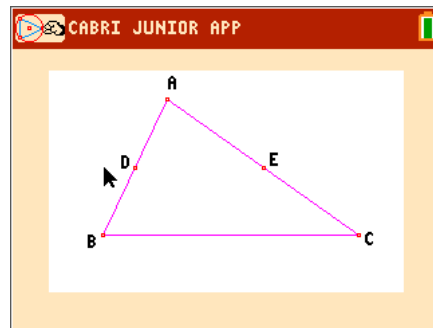
Select the **Alph-Num** tool to label the vertices  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  as shown.

**Note:** Press  to start the label, and then press  again when you are ready to end the label.

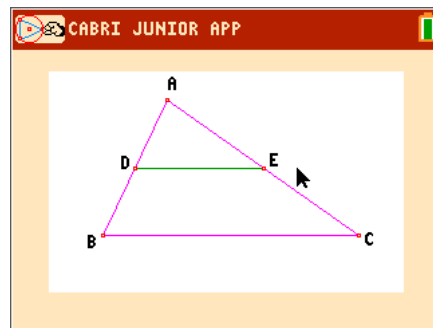


Construct the midpoints of two sides of the triangle using the **Midpoint** tool. Label the midpoints  $D$  and  $E$ .

Save this file as *MIDSEG*. This setup will be used again in Problem 2.



Select the **Segment** tool and construct  $\overline{DE}$ .



1. Use the **D. & Length**, **Angle**, and **Slope** tools in the **Measure** menu to explore the properties of the midsegment. Fill in the blanks below.

Length of \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

Length of \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

Measure of  $\angle$  \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

Measure of  $\angle$  \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

Slope of \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

Slope of \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

2. What conjectures can you make about the midsegment  $\overline{DE}$  and its relationship to  $\triangle ABC$ ? Be sure to drag the vertices of  $\triangle ABC$  around the screen to confirm your conjectures.



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Use the **Calculate** tool to find the ratio of the lengths of sides  $BC$  and  $DE$ . Select the measurement of  $BC$ , then press the division symbol, and then select the measurement of  $DE$ . Move the ratio to an open space on the screen and press **enter**.

3. Drag a vertex of  $\triangle ABC$  and observe the results.

Length of  $\overline{BC}$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Length of  $\overline{BC}$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Length of  $\overline{DE}$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Length of  $\overline{DE}$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Ratio = \_\_\_\_\_

Ratio = \_\_\_\_\_

4. Complete the conjectures.

The length of the midsegment is \_\_\_\_\_.

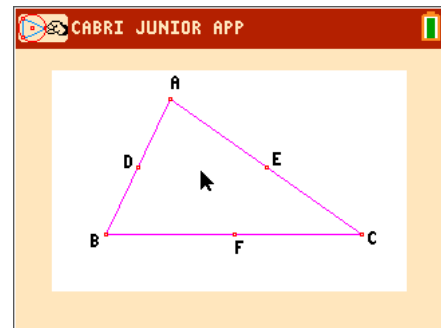
The slope of the midsegment is \_\_\_\_\_.

5. What is the relationship between  $\triangle ADE$  and  $\triangle ABC$ ? How would you prove it?

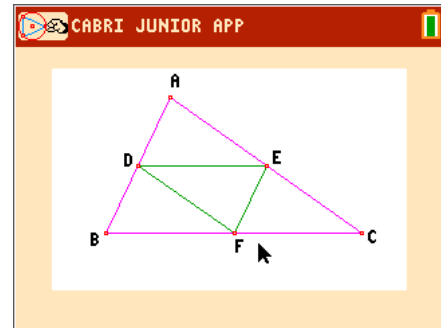
### Problem 2 – Three Midsegments

Open the Cabri Jr. file *MIDSEG* created in Problem 1.

Create the midpoint of the third side of the triangle and label it  $F$ .



Construct  $\triangle DEF$  using the **Triangle** tool.





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6. Use the **D. & Length** and **Area** tools in the **Measure** menu to measure the perimeter and area of  $\triangle DEF$  and  $\triangle ABC$ .

Perimeter of  $\triangle ABC$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Area of  $\triangle ABC$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Perimeter of  $\triangle DEF$  = \_\_\_\_\_

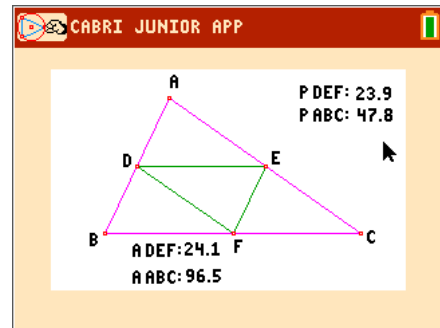
Area of  $\triangle DEF$  = \_\_\_\_\_

Use the **Calculate** tool to find the ratio of the perimeters and areas. Take the larger value and divide by the smaller value.

7. Drag a vertex of  $\triangle ABC$  and observe the results.

Ratio of Perimeters = \_\_\_\_\_

Ratio of Areas = \_\_\_\_\_



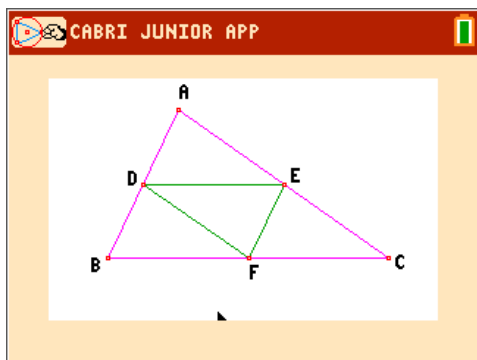
8. What is the relationship between  $\triangle DEF$  and  $\triangle ABC$ ? How would you prove it?

9. What is the relationship between  $\triangle DEF$  and  $\triangle ADE$ ? How would you prove it?

### Apply the Math

Use this diagram for each exercise.

$D$ ,  $E$ , and  $F$  are all midpoints.



10. If  $DE = 6.2$  inches, and  $AB = 11.4$  inches, find the lengths of  $\overline{BC}$  and  $\overline{EF}$ .

11. If the perimeter of  $\triangle ABC$  is 32 cm, find the perimeter of  $\triangle DEF$ .

12. If the area of  $\triangle DEF$  is  $8.6 \text{ cm}^2$ , find the areas of  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\triangle ADE$  and  $\triangle BDF$ .

13. If  $m\angle AED = 27^\circ$  and  $m\angle A = 64^\circ$ , find as many other angle measures as possible.