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## Activity 6

## Circumcenter Construct the geometric object by following the instructions and Incenter below, and then answer the questions about the object.

1. Create a triangle and label it $\triangle A B C$.
2. Construct the perpendicular bisectors of each side of the triangle.
a. From the Construct Toolbar, select Perpendicular Bisector.
b. Move pointer to side $A B$ until the message Perpendicular bisector of this side of the triangle appears. Click once.
c. Move pointer to side $B C$ until the message Perpendicular bisector of this side of the triangle appears. Click once.
d. Move pointer to side $A C$ until the message Perpendicular bisector of this side of the triangle appears. Click once.
e. Find the intersection point of the perpendicular bisectors and label it $W$. (This is the circumcenter of $\triangle A B C$.)
3. Measure and label the angles.
4. Create an acute triangle.
a. From the Pointer Toolbar, select Pointer.
b. Move the pointer to vertex $A$, click, and drag until $\angle A$ is acute.
c. Move the pointer to vertex $B$, click, and drag until $\angle B$ is also acute. Do the same for $\angle C$.
5. Where is point $W$ located?
6. Alter the triangle, keeping it acute.
7. What can you conclude about the location of the circumcenter of an acute triangle?
8. Create an obtuse triangle.
a. From the Pointer Toolbar, select Pointer.
b. Move the pointer to vertex $A$, click, and drag until $\angle A$ is obtuse.
9. Where is point $W$ located?
10. Alter the triangle, keeping it obtuse.
11. What can you conclude about the location of the circumcenter of an obtuse triangle?
12. Create a right triangle.
a. From the Pointer Toolbar, select Pointer.
b. Move the pointer to vertex $A$, click, and drag until $\angle A$ is a right angle.
13. Where is point $W$ located?
14. Alter the triangle, keeping it right.
15. What can you conclude about the location of the circumcenter of a right triangle?
16. Clear the screen.
17. Create a triangle and label it $\triangle A B C$.
18. Construct the angle bisector of each angle in the triangle.
19. Find the intersection point and label it $W$. (This is the incenter of $\triangle A B C$.)
20. Measure and label the angles.
21. Create an acute triangle.
22. Where is point $W$ located?
23. Alter the triangle, keeping it acute.
24. What can you conclude about the location of the incenter of an acute triangle?
25. Create an obtuse triangle.
26. Where is point $W$ located?
27. Alter the triangle, keeping it obtuse.
28. What can you conclude about the location of the incenter of an obtuse triangle?
29. Create a right triangle.
30. Where is point $W$ located?
31. Alter the triangle, keeping it right.
32. What can you conclude about the location of the circumcenter of a right triangle?
