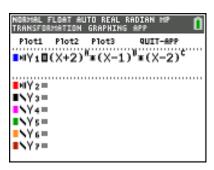
In this activity, you will explore the equations of polynomial functions in both factored and standard form. You will discover the characteristics of the zeros of polynomial functions and the multiplicity of the zeros.



Part 1

The first part of the activity utilizes the Transformation App on the TI-84. On your handheld press **apps** and scroll down until you find **Transfrm** and press Enter. Press y = and enter

$$Y_1 = (x+2)^A * (x-1)^B * (x-2)^C$$

- 1. The initial values are A = 1, B = 1, C = 1
 - a. What are the zeros of the function?
 - b. For what value(s) of x does the graph of the function cross the x-axis?
 - c. For what value(s) of x is the graph of the function tangent to the x-axis?
 - d. What degree is the polynomial.

2. Change the values of *A*, *B*, and *C* to match the functions shown in the table below. For each function, answer the questions asked in Question 1. Use the table to record your results.

Function	Zeros	Cross	Tangent	Degree
$(x+2)^2 * (x-1)^1 * (x-2)^1$				
$(x+2)^1 * (x-1)^2 * (x-2)^1$				
$(x+2)^2 * (x-1)^2 * (x-2)^0$				
$(x+2)^3 * (x-1)^1 * (x-2)^1$				
$(x+2)^2 * (x-1)^1 * (x-2)^2$				

- 3. How are the zeros of a polynomial function related to the factors of a polynomial function?
- 4. How do the exponents in each term in the factored form of the polynomial function affect its graph?



Multiplicity of Zeros of Functions Student Activity

Name _____

- 5. When a polynomial has a repeated linear factor, it has a multiple zero. Write the factored form of a polynomial function that crosses the x-axis at x = -2 and x = 5 and is tangent to the x-axis at x = 3. Which of the zeros of the function must have a multiplicity greater than 1? Explain your reasoning.
- 6. Write two additional polynomial functions that meet the same conditions as described in Question 6. Explain what is different from your function in Question 5, and how you determined your polynomial functions.

Part 2

Press apps and scroll down until you find Transfrm and press Enter. Select Quit Transfrm Graphing.

7. Graph
$$Y_1 = x^4 - 3x^3 + x^2 + 3x - 2$$

- a. Write the factored form of the polynomial function graphed.
- b. Describe how you determined the factors of the polynomial function.

8. Graph
$$Y_1 = x^4 - 2x^2 + 1$$

- a. Write the factored form of the polynomial function graphed.
- b. Describe how you determined the degree of each of the factors of the polynomial function.

9. Graph
$$Y_1 = x^5 - 4x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x - 2$$

- a. Write the factored form of the polynomial function graphed.
- b. Describe how you determined the degree of each of the factors of the polynomial function.
- 10. For what reasons would you use the factored form of a polynomial function? The standard form?