Exponentialis ~ Logarithmus by Suzanne Moyers

Time required 45-55 minutes

Activity Overview

In this story-style activity, students work through a step-by-step review of solving exponential equations using logarithms. At first, they are guided through process of using logarithms and checking them, with the help of "Terry Plotter the mathemagician". Then, students review identities and properties of logarithms, with trial examples of each. The objective of the activity is to connect exponential equations with their logarithmic counterparts, working with a variety of bases.

Concepts

- Solving exponential equations using logarithmic forms of the equations.
- *Review of properties of logarithms, working with examples of each property.*

Teacher Preparation

This activity is designed for use in the Pre-Calculus, Advanced Mathematics, or Algebra 2 classroom. It uses a conversational narrative to help students "lighten up" about solving exponential equations using logarithmic form.

Prior to the start of this activity, students should have been introduced to exponential and logarithmic forms. The activity may be used to introduce properties of logarithms, or as a review of properties.

- Each exponential equation applies logarithmic form for its solution, using the ability of the TI-Nspire to solve a logarithm for any base.
- Screenshots on the following pages include frames from the ExpLog.tns file, before it has been filled in by the student, AND frames from the ExpLogAns.tns file, which is completed as the student's final document.

Classroom Management

- This activity is intended to be completed **individually**, as a review prior to assessment or as a segue into in-depth treatment of the properties of logarithms.
- Prior to the activity, load the **ExpLog.tns** file onto class handhelds to be used by students and teacher.
- Students should be directed **NOT TO SAVE** the document during or after the activity, if it is to be used as a review in subsequent classes.

TI-Nspire[™] Applications

Calculator, Notes

Teacher Into: Today we will review exponential equations and logarithmic forms, with the help our fictional friend and "mathemagician", Terry Plotter. She is working on a new spell, called the "Exponentialis ~ Logarithmus", to help her solve exponential equations using logarithmic forms. With the TI-Nspire, we will also review identities and properties of logarithms.

Problem Set 1 – Guided Problem Solving

Students begin by solving exponential equations using logarithms, using prefilled Calculator panes in the TI-Nspire file. They must Ctrl-Tab to the problem pane, place the cursor at the right end of the equation, then hit ENTER. They'll repeat these steps with each equation.

1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 RAD AUTO REAL	Î
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Terry Plotter	
and	
the Spell of	
Exponentialis ~ Logarithmus	



On page 1.3, students are shown why logarithmic form must be used to solve the exponential equation. They are also shown the result of the logarithmic form of the equation.



On page 1.4, dialogue-style narrative from Terry explains the use of logarithmic form and its rationale. The question is posed as to whether the process can be done with ANY base.

1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 RAD AUTO REAL

"Exponentialis – Logarithmus!" she cried. She knows that a logarithm is the exponent to which a given base is raised to yield a result. So, if she knows the base and result, she can find the exponent used to get the result – just by using a logarithm. But, will it work with ANY base? She had to try some more...

On page 1.5, students are prompted to solve two exponentials using logarithmic form. The logarithmic expressions are already set up. Students must use Ctrl-Tab to move from pane to pane.

Within a pane, Tab moves within the log expression, from the base up. They must hit enter to evaluate the expression.

On page 1.6, students are directed to check the exponents found on page 1.5, this time using exponential form.

Throughout subsequent pages in the document, they are reminded to check each logarithmic form using the exponential equation.

1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 RAD AUTO REAL

First she tried a few easy ones:

 5^{x} =125 and 7^{x} =2401 are her favorites. Finish them for her...





On page 1.7, students are solving equations independently, with reminders to check their work.

1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7	RAD AUTO REAL	Î
She decided to check as she worked.	log _{([})	
Solving 4 ^x =1024 is a breeze.		0/99
Solve and check it.	4-'	
		0/99

On pages 1.8 and 1.9, exponential equations involving fractions and decimals are solved using logarithmic forms.



Checking using exponential form is done on each page.

1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9	🕨 RAD AUTO REAL 🛛 🗎
Terry tried working with decimals, too.	
Solve	
10 ^x =0.000000001	0/99
and check.	10[]
	0/99

Problem Set 1 ends with a review definition of negative exponents and two more problems. By now, students should be checking each result in the same Calculator pane as the problem is worked.

1.7 1.8 1.9 1.10 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL

 Negative exponents for fractions made

 sense, since $a^{-1} = \frac{1}{a}$, the reciprocal of a. She

 tried some more...

 $2^x = 0.015625$ and $81^x = 3$
 $\log_{[]}([])$
 $\log_{[]}([])$
 $\log_{[]}([])$

 0/99

Problem Set 2 – Logarithmic Identities and Properties

In this set, students review logarithmic identities and properties. Identity examples are illustrated on page 2.1

Image: Provide the state in the state

Page 2.2 reviews the exponential definitions that accompany logarithmic identities.

1.9 1.10 2.1 2.2 RAD AUTO REAL

These made sense, since a base raised to the 1st power is the base.

And any non-zero base raised to the zero power is 1.

Terry then decided to study the properties of logarithms using her newly acquired skill.

She checked her notes and found...

On page 2.3, students review the Product Property, with examples to work and check.

1.10 2.1 2.2 2.3 RAD AUTO REAL

The Product Property

To expand a logarithmic product, we need the sum of the logs of the factors. Check to see if they match...



Page 2.4 reviews the Quotient Property, with examples to work and check.

2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 RAD AUTO REAL

The Quotient Property

The log of a quotient is difference of the logs of the numerator and denominator.

Check this one out...



Interpret to the sum of the second state of the second s

On page 2.5, students review the Power Property, by working and checking more examples.

Page 2.6 illustrates combined Quotient and Power Properties, with guided examples.

◆ 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL Terry decided to combine some properties, just to make things interesting...

Finish this one and check.



On page 2.7, students must extend their ability to solve exponential equations logarithmically, since the exponent is 2x rather than simply x. Terry just had to try one more, before starting her mathemagic homework.

Complete this one to see how it works out: $5^{2x}=625$

4 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL



On the final page, 2.8, a light-hearted narrative lets students know they are finished.

Remind students NOT TO SAVE the document. If they SAVE, their work will overwrite the original ExpLog.tns document. The original (without student work) will have to be reloaded to the handheld.

2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 RAD AUTO REAL

Back at her dorm at Logwarts, (House of Graphindor, of course), Terry is ready to start her homework to review for tomorrow's test.

She has mastered the Spell of Exponentialis ~ Logarithmus!

1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL

Terry Plotter, a young mathemagician, has been working on a spell to solve exponential

equations. With trusty TI-Nspire in hand, she

"Error: Variable is not defined"

ExpLogAns.tns

Completed Student Document

(page 1)

1/99





1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 RAD AUTO REAL

Just to be sure she was doing it correctly, she used the values she found as replacements in the exponential equations. See if they really work...

5 ³	125	7 ⁴	2401
[]			
	1/99		1/99

Exponentialis ~ Logarithmus

tries this:

 $2^{x} = 8$

(Finish it for her.)

■ 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 ■ RAD AUTO REAL

First she tried a few easy ones:

 5^{x} =125 and 7^{x} =2401 are her favorites. Finish them for her...

log (125)	3.	log (2401)	4.
0		T	
	1/99		1/99



Suzanne Moyers

ExpLogAns.tns	Completed S	tudent Document	(page 2)
1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 • R	AD AUTO REAL 🛛 🗎	I.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 I.9 I.6 I.7 I.8 I.9 I.8 I.9 I.9 I.1 I	RAD AUTO REAL
$ \begin{array}{c c} & 1 & -5. \\ \hline & 1/99 \\ \hline & 1/99 \\ \hline & 7776 \\ \hline & 7776 \\ \hline & 1/99 \\ \hline & 1/9 \\ \hline $	Next, she tried it with fractions. Solve $6^{x} = \frac{1}{7776}$ and check.	Terry tried working with decimals, too. Solve 10 ^x =0.000000001 and check.	log (1.E-9) -9. []
<1.8 1.9 1.10 2.1 I	RAD AUTO REAL	I.8 1.9 1.10 2.1 ▶	RAD AUTO REAL
Negative exponents for sense, since $a^{-1} = \frac{1}{a}$, t tried some more $2^x = 0.015625$ and 8^2 $\log (.015625)$ -6. 2 1/99	r fractions made he reciprocal of a. She $31^{x}=3$ $10g_{81}^{(3)}$.25 1/99	Terry remembered that some identities, too. So, try $3^x=3$ and $9^x=1$ same box. $\log_3(3)$ 1.	t she needed to study and check in the $\log_{9}(1) \qquad 0.$ [] 1/99
I.10 2.1 2.2 2.3 ↓ The Product Property To expand a logarithmit sum of the logs of the f they match	RAD AUTO REAL	 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 The Quotient Proper The log of a quotient is of the numerator and of the numerator and of the numerator and of the check this one out 	•RAD AUTO REAL
$\frac{\log_2(32)}{\left[\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	$ \begin{array}{c c} & \log (4) + \log (8) \\ & 2 & 2 \\ & 5 & 5 \\ & 7 & 7 \\ & 1/1 \\ \end{array} $	$\log_5\left(\frac{1}{125}\right) \xrightarrow{\pm 3.} \boxed{1}^1$	og (1)-log (125) 5 5 -3. ┏ 1/1

ExpLogAns.tns Complet	ed Student Document (page 3)
4 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL	■ 4 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 ▶ RAD AUTO REAL
The Power Property Terry thought this might be harder. But, it's not! Check using exponents to be sure!	Terry decided to combine some properties, just to make things interesting Finish this one and check.
$\frac{\log_{3}(9^{2})}{2}$ 4. $2 \cdot \log_{3}(9)$ 4. $\frac{2}{3}$ (9) 4. $\frac{1}{9}$ (9)	$ \begin{array}{c c} & 3 \cdot \log_2 \left(4 \right) - 2 \cdot \log_2 \left(4 \right) \\ & 2 & 2 \\ \hline \\$
	2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 RAD AUTO REAL
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$ \begin{array}{c c} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 5 \\ \hline \\ & 1 \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	∼ Logarithmus! ∽ ∕99