Note 0D • Recursion (continued)

Combining these two features allows you to perform on-screen recursion, calculating a new number by repeating the operation using the result of the previous calculation. You can create patterns of numbers (sequences) using the following procedure:

- a. Enter the starting number of your sequence and press ENTER.
- **b.** Enter an expression using Ans. You can get Ans by pressing any of the operation keys, such as [+], [-], $[\times]$, $[\div]$, $[\wedge]$, $[x^2]$, or by pressing 2nd [ANS].
- **c.** Press ENTER ENTER ENTER and so on. Each time you press ENTER, you will get one more term in the sequence.



Note 0E • The Chaos Game

Follow the steps below:

- **a.** Link or manually enter the program into your calculator. (See **Note 0F** and **Note 0G.**).
- **b.** Press PRGM and make sure the word EXEC is highlighted. Find the program labeled CHAOS. Press its number or use the down arrow to select the program and press ENTER. To execute the program press ENTER again.
- **c.** You are asked to choose a Chaos shape. Press the appropriate number or arrow down and press **ENTER** to select the shape.
- **d.** You are then asked to enter a fraction between 0 and 1. You can enter this value either as a fraction or a decimal number. Press ENTER.
- e. The calculator will plot 1000 points by following the Chaos rules to plot a fractal. When the program is done, press ENTER.
- **f.** Follow the directions to replay or to quit.









(continued)

```
PROGRAM: CHAOS
                                           Disp "HEXAGON"
                                           .5+.35sin(({0,1,2,3,4,5}60°)+L,
ClrHome
Menu("CHAOS SHAPES", "RIGHT
                                           .35+.35cos(({0,1,2,3,4,5}60°)+L
  TRIANGLE", 1, "EQUILATERAL
                                           Lb1 7
  TR",2,"RANDOM
                   TRI", 3,
                                           ClrDraw:FnOff
  "SQUARE",4,"PENTAGON",5,"HEXAGON",
                                           PlotsOff
  6,"QUIT",8)
                                           0⇒Xmin:1⇒Xmax
Lb1 1
                                           0+Ymin:.7+Ymax
Disp " RIGHT TRIANGLE"
                                           Plot1(Scatter,L,,L,, p)
{.05,.95,.05}→L,
                                           L, (1) > X: L, (1) > Y
                                           dim((L<sub>1</sub>)→N
{.05,.05,.65}+L<sub>2</sub>
                                           Disp""," ENTER
Disp" FRACTION"
Goto 7
                                                      ENTER A"
Lb1 2
Disp "EQUILATERAL TRIANGLE"
                                           Disp "BETWEEN 0 AND 1."
{.05,.95,.5}+L<sub>1</sub>
                                           Input "F=",F
{.05,.05,.65}+L,
                                           For(J,1,1000)
Goto 7
                                           (int(Nrand+1)→P
Lb1 3
                                           X+(L,(P)-X)F→X
                                           Y+(L,(P)-Y)F⇒Y
Disp "RANDOM TRIANGLE"
{rand ,rand ,rand }+L,
                                           Pt - On(X, Y)
.7{rand ,rand ,rand }→L,
                                           End
Goto 7
                                           Теяt(0,84,"Р Е")
                                           Text(6,84," R N")
Lb1 4
                                           Text(12,84,"E T")
Disp "
        SQUARE"
{.2,.8,.8,.2}+L<sub>1</sub>
                                           Тенt(18,84,"S Е")
{.05,.05,.65,.65}+L,
                                           Text(24,84,"S R")
Goto 7
                                           Pause
                                           Lb1 8
Lb1 5
Disp "
        PENTAGON"
                                           PlotsOff
.5+.35sin(({0,1,2,3,4}72°)+L
                                           Disp " PRESS ENTER",
.35+.35cos(({0,1,2,3,4}72°)→L,
                                             "TO REPLAY","","
Goto 7
                                             PRESS"," 1 AND ENTER",
Lbl 6
                                             "TO QUIT"
```

Note OF • Linking Programs or Lists

- **a.** Connect two calculators by using a link cable. Be sure that the connection is tight on each unit.
- **b.** Turn on both calculators and on each one press 2nd [LINK].
- **c.** On the **receiving calculator**, arrow to the right to **RECEIVE** and press **ENTER** so that the calculator displays Waiting....
- **d.** On the **sending calculator,** select 2:All–.... To link a program, arrow down to the name of the program you want to send. To link data, arrow down to the list you want to send.
- e. Press ENTER to select a program or list. (You can select more than one program and/or list and send them simultaneously. Just continue to arrow down and press ENTER at each program or list you want to transfer.) Then arrow right to TRANSMIT and press ENTER.

(continued)

Note OF • Linking Programs or Lists (continued)

f. When the transfer is complete the name of the program or list transferred will show on the screens of both the sending and receiving calculators.

SEND (1900) No Merceive	Waiting	Receivin9 ⊬L1 ÜIST Done	■1210 RECEIVE 1:All+ 3:Pr9m 4:List 5:Lists to TI82 6:GDB 7↓Pic
■■■== <th< td=""><td>ABS PRGM ABS PRGM BOWLING PRGM CHAOS PRGM GEOMPROB PRGM INOUT PRGM INOUTEXP PRGM LINES1 PRGM</td><td>SELECT Mäiligide MeTransmit</td><td></td></th<>	ABS PRGM ABS PRGM BOWLING PRGM CHAOS PRGM GEOMPROB PRGM INOUT PRGM INOUTEXP PRGM LINES1 PRGM	SELECT Mäiligide Me Transmit	

Errors

If you get Error in Xmit, check that the link cable is pushed all the way in each calculator and try again. Remember that after you arrow to the program or list you want to send, you must press ENTER to select it before you arrow to TRANSMIT. The receiving calculator must be Waiting before the sending calculator transmits. If the receiving calculator already has a program or list by the same name as the one you are sending, the receiving calculator will show a DuplicateName menu. Select 1:Rename or 2:Overwrite from this menu. If you choose to rename, you must enter a new program name. (See **Note 0G, step b.**)



Note 0G • Entering a Program

Your calculator is like a small computer. You can instruct (or program) it to do calculations or to communicate with other devices. What follows are not instructions on how to write a program—they are instructions on how to enter into your calculator a program that has already been written. You must be very careful to enter the commands exactly as they are written. Changing the program in any way will alter how it runs or may cause an error.

There are three ways to enter a program into your calculator. Two easy ways are to download the program from either a computer or another calculator. To use a computer, download the program from a CD-ROM directly into your calculator by using TI-GRAPH LINK[™] software. You will need the proper cable to link your computer to your calculator. To use another calculator that has the program in its memory, link the two calculators with a link cable and transfer

(continued)

Note 0G • Entering a Program (continued)

the program. (See **Note 0F.**) The third way is to enter a program manually by following the steps below:

a. Press **PRGM** and arrow to NEW.



- **b.** Press ENTER and enter the name of the program. You are already in Alpha-Lock so do not press ALPHA unless you want to enter a number into the program's name.
- c. Enter the program exactly as you see it. Lowercase letters in the commands of the program indicate that you must find this command on the calculator. You can find many programming commands by pressing PRGM and looking under CTL and I/O. To find other commands, functions, and symbols, either look in the menu of the appropriate calculator key, or press 2nd [CATALOG] and enter the letter that begins the command you want. (You are in still in alpha mode so don't press ALPHA.) Then arrow to the command and press ENTER.

If you enter a command from the calculator keypad using <u>ALPHA</u> characters, the letters will all be uppercase. The command won't look the same as how it's been written and it won't work.

- **d.** Use <u>2nd</u> [INS] <u>ENTER</u> to insert a new line between two lines. Use <u>DEL</u> on a blank line to delete that line.
- e. Press 2nd [QUIT] when you finish entering the program.

Errors

You can edit the program if there is an error or if you need to make a change.

- **a.** Press **PRGM** and arrow to EDIT. Arrow down to the program and press **ENTER**.
- b. Scroll down through the program to find the error. Studying the entire program on paper is often easier than working from the calculator screen where you can only see a small portion at one time. Use 2nd [INS] or DEL as needed to make changes.
- **c.** If, when you execute a program, you get an error message that has a Goto option, choose this option. The calculator will automatically switch to EDIT mode and scroll to the line with the error. Then proceed as in **step b.**







