

## Problem 1 – Create a sequence

- Write your favorite number here. \_\_\_\_\_
   Type this number into the calculator and press ENTER. This is the **1st term** of a sequence.
- Press + 3. Write this number here.
  This result is the 2nd term of the sequence.
- Generate the next three terms of the sequence by pressing ENTER 3 more times.
   What is your 5<sup>th</sup> term? \_\_\_\_\_

What you have done is generate an arithmetic sequence with 5 terms where each term has a common difference of -3.

## Problem 2 – Graphically and numerically explore nth term formula

The formula to generate the *n*th term of an arithmetic sequence is  $a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$ .

The variable *n*, determines the number of terms in the sequence.

4. If *n* changes, what effect do you think it has on the graph of a sequence?

Let's explore the effects variables  $a_1$  and d have on the graph of a sequence.

Press MODE. Select **SEQ** to set the graphing calculator and then select **G**–**T** to split the screen into graph/table view.

Press WINDOW and set Xmin = 0, Xmax = 10, Ymin = -20, Ymax = 20, and Yscl = 2.

Press  $\forall =$  and enter the arithmetic sequence  $a_n = -3 + (n-1) * 1$ .

Note: *n* is entered by pressing  $X, T, \Theta, n$ 

Press GRAPH to view the table of sequence values as well as its resulting graph.

NURNAL SCI ENG FLUAT 0123456789 RADIAN <u>NEGR</u> ES FUNC PAR POL <u>SEU</u> CONNECTED DOT SEQUENTIAL SIMUL REAL a+bi re^0i FULL HORIZ G=T SET CLOCK DEF 29408 2929PM
Plot1 Plot2 Plot3 nMin=1 Nu(n)=73+(n-1)*1
u(ກMin)∎ ∿ບ(ກ)= ບ(ກMin)= ∿⊎(ກ)=



- 5. For this sequence, what is the value of *a*<sub>1</sub>?
- Experiment with different values for *a*<sub>1</sub> and notice the changes in the graph/table.
   What effect does *a*<sub>1</sub> have on the graph? Explain.

Press Y and enter the original arithmetic sequence  $a_n = -3 + (n - 1) + 1$ .

Press GRAPH to view the table of sequence values as well as its resulting graph.

- 7. What is the value of *d* for this sequence? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Experiment with different values for *d* and notice the changes in the graph/table.What effect does *d* have on the graph? Explain

## Problem 3 – Summing it up

**9.** What is the formula for the *n*th term for the sequence you made at the beginning of this activity?

*a*<sub>n</sub> = \_\_\_\_\_

Graph this sequence and check your answer.