Proof by Mathematical Induction Teachers Teaching with Technology* Name : _____ 8 9 10 11 12 TI-Nspire[™] Assessment Student 30 min Question: 1. i) Determine the sum of the first 10 cubic numbers: $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + 10^3$. 1 mark $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + 10^3 = 3025$. [1 mark] Answer mark only. Students may use the sum command, individual entries, lists or sigma notation. ii) Square the sum of the first 10 whole numbers and comment on the result: $(1+2+3+...10)^2$ 2 marks $(1+2+3+...10)^2 = 3025$ [1 mark] Students should observe that the result is the same as the previous answer, but should not generalise. [1 mark] iii) Explain how the diagram shown here relates to part (i) and (ii) above. 3 marks 4 1 2 3 Overall area, ignoring 'white spaces': $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4) \times (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)$ 1 This is equal to: $(1 + 2 + 3 + 4)^2$. [Part II] 2 There is one 1 x 1 square, two 2 x 2 squares, three 3 x 3 and four 4 x 4. 'Overlap' fills in the white spaces. 3 This is equivalent to: $1 \times 1^2 + 2 \times 2^2 + 3 \times 3^2 + 4 \times 4^2 = 1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + 4^3$ \therefore (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)² = 1³ + 2³ + 3³ + 4³. Part (I) and (II) extend to 10. 4 **Question: 2.** i) Express $\sum' x^3$ in expanded form and hence evaluate the result.

 $\frac{2 \text{ marks}}{\text{Expanded form: } 3^3 + 4^3 + 5^3 + 6^3 + 7^3 = 775. [1 \text{ mark for expanded form + 1 answer mark 775}]}$ ii) Express: $(4+5+6+...20)^2$ using sigma \sum notation and hence evaluate the result. $\frac{2 \text{ marks}}{2 \text{ marks}}$ $\frac{2 \text{ marks}}{2 \text{ marks}}$

© Texas Instruments 2021. You may copy, communicate and modify this material for non-commercial educational purposes provided all acknowledgements associated with this material are maintained.

Author: P. Fox



Question: 3.

i) Complete the following table of values:

n $\sum_{x=1}^{n} x^3$ $\sum_{x=1}^{n} x$

2 marks - Marks based on proportion of correct answers. Note that students can generate a table of values with the calculator making this question particularly quick for 'technology savvy' students.

ii) Determine a rule for $\sum_{x=1}^{n} x^3$, express your answer in factorised form.

Students may use quartic regression (courtesy of the table): $\frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3}{2} + \frac{x^2}{4}$ [1 mark] or prior knowledge

pertaining to sums of whole numbers and information gleaned so far. Factorised form: $\frac{x^2(x+1)^2}{4}$ [1 mark]

iii) Determine a rule for
$$\sum_{x=1}^{n} x$$
, expressing the rule in factorised form.

Students may use quadratic regression (courtesy of the table): $\frac{x^2 + x}{2} = \frac{x(x+1)}{2}$

[1 mark for expanded form + 1 mark for factorised form]

iv) Use your results from part (ii) and (iii) to show that
$$\left(\sum_{x=1}^{n} x\right)^2 = \sum_{x=1}^{n} n^3$$

$$\sum_{x=1}^{n} x \times \sum_{x=1}^{n} x = \left(\sum_{x=1}^{n} x\right)^2 = \left(\frac{x(x+1)}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{x^2(x+1)^2}{4} \text{ which is the same as: } \sum_{x=1}^{n} n^3$$

© Texas Instruments 2021. You may copy, communicate and modify this material for non-commercial educational purposes provided all acknowledgements associated with this material are maintained.

2 marks

2 marks

2 marks

2 marks

3

6 marks

Question: 4.

Use mathematical induction to prove the formula for the sum of the first n^3 whole numbers.

Show true for n = 1	LHS: $\sum_{x=1}^{n} n^3 = 1^3$	RHS: $\frac{x^2(x+1)^2}{4} = \frac{1^2 \times 2^2}{4} = 1$ [1 mark]
Assume true for n:	$\sum_{x=1}^{n} n^3 = \frac{n^2 (n+1)^2}{4}$	[1 mark]
Show true for n+1:	LHS: $=\frac{n^{2}(n+1)^{2}}{4}$ $=\frac{(n+1)^{2}}{4}$ $=\frac{(n+1)^{2}}{4}$	$\frac{1)^{2}}{1} + (n+1)^{3}$ $\frac{1)^{2}}{4} + \frac{4(n+1)^{3}}{4}$ [2 marks] $\frac{(n^{2} + 4n + 4)}{4}$ $\frac{(n+2)^{2}}{4}$
	RHS: $\frac{n^{2}(n+1)^{2}}{4}$ $=\frac{(n+1)^{2}(n)}{4}$ $=\frac{(n+1)^{2}(n)}{4}$	
∴ LHS = RHS		[1 mark – must include a final statement]

© Texas Instruments 2021. You may copy, communicate and modify this material for non-commercial educational purposes provided all acknowledgements associated with this material are maintained.

