1. At the local pool, the swim coach conducts a test to determine if there is any association between an athlete's age and their best time swimming the 50 m freestyle. Eight athletes are chosen at random, and their details are shown below.

| Athlete | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Athlete's <br> Age (yrs) | 12 | 14 | 20 | 17 | 18 | 24 | 10 | 33 |
| Time <br> (sec) | 49.1 | 48.2 | 43.1 | 46.3 | 44.4 | 44.2 | 55.0 | 45.8 |

(a) Complete the table of ranks.

| Athlete | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Athlete <br> Age rank |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |
| Time <br> rank |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |

(b) Calculate the Spearman's Rank Correlation Coefficient.
(c) Interpret this $r_{s}$ in the context of the question.
(d) Suggest why the coach did not use Pearson's Product Moment Correlation Coefficient with his data from the original table.

Mark scheme:
(a)

| Athlete | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Athlete <br> Age rank | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | 4 | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Time <br> rank | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |

(b) $\quad r_{s}=-0.628$
(c) $r_{s}=-0.628$ indicates a negative correlation between a person's age and the best time they swim the 50 m freestyle. The older the athlete gets, the faster their time tends to be.
(d) Examples: Data may not be linear, the SRCC is less sensitive to outliers, there could be outliers, there could be multiple swimmers of different ages with the same swim times.

