Name $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Problem 1 - The Angle Bisector Theorem

1. What were the measures of the two angles created by your angle bisector ( $\angle B A X$ and $\angle C A X$ )?
2. Record some of the measurements from page 1.3 after moving point $X$ :

| Distance from $X$ to side $\overrightarrow{A B}$ | Distance from $X$ to side $\overrightarrow{A C}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

3. Complete the conjecture:

Any point on the angle bisector of an angle is $\qquad$ from the sides of the angle.

## Problem 2 - One Angle Bisector in a Triangle

4. Record some of the measurements from page 2.2 after moving a vertex of $\triangle A B C$ :

| $\boldsymbol{A B}$ | $\boldsymbol{A C}$ | $\boldsymbol{B D}$ | $\boldsymbol{C D}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Angle Bisectors in a Triangle

5. Identify a pair of ratios that are equal. Drag a vertex of the triangle to confirm your conjecture.
$\qquad$
6. Use your proportion to find the missing values for each:


Problem 3 - One Angle Bisector and the Incenter of a Triangle
7. What is the value of the ratio $\frac{D I}{D G}$ ? What is the value of the ratio $\frac{D E+D F}{P}$ ?
8. What happens to these values when a vertex of the triangle is dragged?
9. Show the hidden angle bisector of $\angle E$ or $\angle F$. Confirm that your conjecture is true for this other bisector. Drag a vertex of the triangle and observe the results.

